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# NOTES AND NEWS

For the first time since the foundation of this journal, a number appears not bearing upon its cover, in the list of the Board of Editors, the name of Professor George B. Adams of Yale University. He was a member of the conference which founded the Review, and has been chairman of the Board from the day of its organization to the present time. That he should have declined re-election is a matter of regret to all concerned with the Review, and most of all to those who have known most intimately its history during the eighteen years of its existence, and who can best appreciate the invaluable quality of the services which he has rendered in its development and guidance. It has been mentioned on a preceding page that Professor Edward P. Cheyney of the University of Pennsylvania has been chosen by the Executive Council of the American Historical Association to fill the vacancy resulting from the resignation of Professor Adams.

## AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

The official address of the treasurer of the Association has been changed from New York to 1140 Woodward Building, Washington, D. C.

A price list of the publications of the Association is being prepared, and copies will be sent upon application to the secretary.

The prize essay for 1911, The Political Activities of Baptists and Fifth Monarchy Men in England during the Interregnum, by Dr. Louise F. Brown, has lately been published as a duodecimo volume of 258 pages. Subscriptions are to be sent to the secretary of the Association. The annual report for 1911 is in press, and will be distributed as soon as possible in the present year.

In the series of Original Narratives of Early American History an edition of the Journal of Jaspar Danckaerts, the Labadist emissary, concerning his travels in America, mostly in the middle colonies, in 1679–1680, prepared by the Rev. B. B. James and Dr. J. F. Jameson, will appear this spring. The next volume, to be issued in the autumn, is expected to be edited by Dr. Charles H. Lincoln, and will be devoted to Narratives of the Indian and French Wars of the period from 1675 to 1698. It will contain several of the tracts relating to King Philip's War, the Captivity of Mrs. Mary Rowlandson, and Cotton Mather's Decennium Luctuosum.

#### PERSONAL

Dr. Thomas Hodgkin died on March 2, at the age of eighty-one. A wealthy banker, of the society of Friends, he early spent his leisure in historical composition. Later he retired from business, to devote himself entirely to history, dwelling in a castle in Northumberland but travelling extensively. His great work, one recognized as of high merit, was a series of eight volumes on *Italy and Her Invaders* (1880–1889). He also wrote the first volume of the *Political History of England* (1906), and books on Theodosius, on Theodoric, and on George Fox. He was a man of the highest and most kindly character.

Professor Léon-Gabriel Pélissier, dean of the faculty of letters at Montpellier, died on November 9, 1912, at the age of forty-nine years. He was known for his studies on the relations between France and Italy, especially during the reign of Louis XII., of which the latest was Documents relatifs au Règne de Louis XII. et à sa Politique en Italie (Montpellier, 1912, pp. 320).

Professors James F. McCurdy of the University of Toronto, John H. Latané of Washington and Lee University, and Henry A. Sill of Cornell University will lecture to classes in the University of Chicago during the summer session.

Professor William MacDonald of Brown University will teach in the summer session of New York University, Professor Clarence E. Carter of Miami University in that of Columbia University, Mr. Roscoe R. Hill in that of the University of California.

Professor Charles V. Langlois, the eminent medievalist of the University of Paris, has been made director of the Archives Nationales.

Mr. Charles Francis Adams will deliver this spring the lectures on American history provided for by a recent foundation at the University of Oxford. His theme will be the diplomatic relations between the United States and Great Britain during the American Civil War.

Dr. Annie H. Abel, associate professor of history at Goucher College, has recently been appointed to superintend the classification of the Old Files in the Indian Office and to prepare historical material for publication. The first work is to be connected with the history of the Southwest, later, documents dealing with the second Seminole War, and with the history of the Northwest will be edited.

Professor Claude H. Van Tyne of the University of Michigan will have leave of absence from June 1913 for the ensuing academic year.

## GENERAL

General review: M. Prinet, Chronique des Sciences Auxiliaires de l'Histoire, Numismatique, Sigillographie, Héraldique (Revue des Questions Historiques, January).

The January number of the History Teacher's Magazine contains, besides an account of the annual meeting of the American Historical Association, and a list of doctoral dissertations now in progress in various American universities, an article on Teaching the Crusades in Secondary Schools by Professor Dana C. Munro, and one on Teaching the United States Bank in Grammar Grades by Professor Albert H. Sanford. The February number contains a lecture on the Future Uses of History, delivered this winter before the trustees of the Carnegie Institution by J. F. Jameson, and papers by various hands on the Use of the Lantern in History Classes, on the Teaching of the History of Art, on the Economics of Slavery, and on Waste in History Instruction. The issue for March opens with a paper by Mr. Sydney G. Fisher on the Legendary and Myth-making Process in the History of the American Revolution, which is followed by one on the Basis of Historical Teaching by Mr. Samuel B. Howe, and another by Mr. Claude S. Larzelere on the History Teacher and the Peace Movement.

The annual winter session of the History Section of the California Teachers' Association was held in San Francisco on January 3. The first annual meeting of the Tennessee History Teachers' Association occurred at Nashville on January 16. The History Teachers' Association of Maryland met on February 15 in Baltimore. The next meeting of the Indiana Association will be held about April 1; that of the History Teachers' Association of the Middle States and Maryland at Syracuse, on April 18 and 19; and that of the History Teachers' Association of Nebraska in May. The sixth annual meeting of the Mississippi Valley Historical Association will be held at Omaha, Nebraska, on May 8, 9, and 10.

The Library of Congress expects hereafter to prepare and print an annual list of all American doctoral dissertations actually printed.

Professor Aloys Meister has himself contributed the section on *Methodik* to his *Grundriss der Geschichtswissenschaft*, while Dr. O. Braun, privatdocent at Münster, has written the section on *Geschichts-philosophie*. These two articles form the sixth fascicle of the first volume (Leipzig, Teubner, 1913, pp. 63), and are packed full of useful information.

A recent essay in the history of international law is A. Raestad's La Mer Territoriale, Études Historiques et Juridiques (Paris, Pedone, 1912).

The sixth volume of the Vicomte d'Avenel's Histoire Économique de la Propriêté, des Salaires, des Denrées bears the subtitle L'Évolution des Dépenses Privées (Paris, 1913, pp. 700).

Dr. Theresa S. McMahon, instructor in the University of Washington, is the author of a careful study of Woman and Economic Evolution or the Effect of Industrial Changes upon the Status of Woman, which

was presented at the University of Wisconsin as a doctoral dissertation in 1908 and is now published by that university as vol. VII., no. 2, of the *Economics and Political Science* series.

Professor Frank P. Graves, author of History of Education before the Middle Ages and History of Education during the Middle Ages and the Transition to Modern Times, will shortly bring out through the Macmillan Company a concluding volume of the series, the History of Education in Modern Times.

The Nobel Institute of Christiania has begun the publication of a Catalogue of its library. The first of the four volumes contemplated, a valuable bibliography, deals with Littérature Pacifiste (Christiania, Aschehoug, New York, Putnam, 1912, pp. 238).

Vice-Admiral R. Siegel of the German navy is the author of *Die Flagge* (Berlin, Reimer, 1912, pp. xv, 267), a history of flags, richly illustrated in colors.

Two recent additions in the field of history to the *Home University Library* (Holt) are *Napoleon* by Mr. Herbert Fisher, and *The Navy and Sea-Power*, by Mr. David Hannay.

The Economic Utilization of History is the title of a small book by Professor Henry W. Farnam, which the Yale University Press has just published.

Under the joint auspices of the American Anthropological Association and the American Folk-Lore Society a journal entitled *Current Anthropological Literature* began to be published in 1912, which we believe will provide the best means available to the American historical student for keeping acquainted with recent progress in anthropology. Its contents are chiefly reviews of books and articles, short notes, and items of news.

A bibliography important to those interested in the history of medicine is "Texts illustrating the History of Medicine in the Library of the Surgeon General's Office, U. S. Army", compiled by Dr. Fielding H. Garrison, assistant librarian in the office of the surgeon-general. This is a reprint from volume XVII., second series, of the *Index Catalogue* of the library. The texts are enumerated chronologically, beginning with the Code of Hammurabi about 2250 B. C. and extending to publications of 1910.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: R. Michels, Zur Historischen Analyse des Patriotismus (Archiv für Sozialwissenschaft und Sozialpolitik, XXXVI. 1); A. Hofmeister, Genealogie und Familienforschung als Hilfswissenschaft der Geschichte (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XXIII. 4); H. F. Osborn, Men of the Old Stone Age (American Museum Journal, December, 1912).

#### ANCIENT HISTORY

General reviews: M. Besnier, Chronique d'Histoire Ancienne, Grecque et Romaine, III. Rome et le Monde Romain (Revue des Questions Historiques, January); J. Toutain, Antiquités Romaines, I. (Revue Historique, January).

Professor and Mrs. George Willis Botsford have compiled A Source-Book of Ancient History which is published by Macmillan and Company.

M. Hoernes, in three small volumes entitled Kultur der Urzeit, has given a résumé of present knowledge of the stone age, the bronze age, and the iron age. Good bibliographies are appended (Leipzig, Göschen, 1912, pp. 147, 128, 120).

Dr. Eugène Cavaignac has undertaken a Histoire de l'Antiquité in three volumes, somewhat on the model of the works of Bury and Belsch. The publication has begun with the second volume, Athènes, 480-330 (Paris, Fontemoing, 1912). The third volume, on La Macédoine, Carthage, et Rome, 330-168, is promised for 1913, while the first volume, on the earliest times, will appear last. Dr. Cavaignac is also the author of a Histoire Financière d'Athènes du Ve Siècle, le Trésor d'Athènes, 480-404 (Paris, Fontemoing).

Legrain's Le Temps des Rois d'Ur, Recherches sur la Société Antique d'après des Textes Nouveaux (Paris, Champion, 1912, pp. 159, and album of 57 plates) forms the 199th number of the Bibliothèque de l'École des Hautes Études.

Messrs. Longmans, Green, and Company have published *The History* of the People of Israel in Pre-Christian Times, by Mary Sarson and Mabel Addison Phillips, with a preface by Rev. A. A. David. The book traces the course of Hebrew history, with some comment on the documents pertaining to this history found in the Old Testament.

Volume XV. of the new edition of Pauly-Wissowa's *Encyclopaedie* has recently appeared, extending from "Helikon" to "Hestia". With it appears the announcement that a second staff is to begin work on the letter R, thus hastening forward the completion of the work.

Greek and Roman Portraits, by Dr. Anton Hekler (Putnam) contains 311 plates ranging from the fifth century B. C. to the fourth century A. D. There are also forty pages of comment, a bibliography, and a table giving the location of each portrait, the whole furnishing excellent illustrative material for the study of Greek and Roman history. A German book of the same class and intention, beautifully executed, is Dr. Richard Delbrück's Antike Porträts (Bonn, Marcus and Weber, 1912, pp. lxx), with 62 plates presenting portraits Egyptian, Greek, and Roman.

A standard work for students is Sir Edward Maunde Thompson's An Introduction to Greek and Latin Palaeography, which is much more

comprehensive than this author's *Handbook*, though he regards it as an enlarged edition of the *Handbook*.

The third and last volume of Professor B. Perrin's translation of Plutarch's *Lives* has recently been issued by Messrs. Scribner. This volume includes Nicias and Alcibiades.

The Oxford University Press (Mr. Henry Frowde) will shortly issue Aristarchus of Samos, by Sir Thomas Heath, and Antigonos Gonatas, by Mr. W. W. Tarn.

Professor Ettore Païs has begun a Storia Critica di Roma durante i Primi Cinque Secoli with a volume of more than 800 pages, divided into three parts, dealing with the sources, the mythical period, and the regal period (Rome, Loescher, 1913).

Mr. H. Stuart Jones has furnished in his Companion to Roman History (Clarendon Press) a good handbook, provided with 80 plates, 65 other illustrations, 7 maps, and a text which is both interesting and informing, though open to some criticism in respect to questions of inclusion and exclusion.

Roman Laws and Charters, translated and edited by Dr. E. G. Hardy, contains Dr. Hardy's Six Roman Laws with three additional laws concerning the municipal system of the early empire, and two utterances of Claudius II. on the organization of non-municipal units in North Italy and Gaul.

Le Travail dans le Monde Romain, by P. Louis (Paris, Alcan, 1912, pp. 416), forms a part of the Histoire Universelle du Travail edited by Professor Georges Renard. The period of Roman history is treated in three parts, before the Punic Wars, from the Punic Wars to Augustus, and the imperial period, but within these periods the author is not always careful to note the varying conditions (reviewed by M. Besnier, Journal des Savants, January).

J. L. Strachan-Davidson has published two volumes on *Problems of the Roman Criminal Law* (Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1912, pp. xxii, 246, 288).

Messrs. Kiepert and Huelsen have published a new and enlarged edition of their well-known work on the topography of ancient Rome, Formae Urbis Romae Antiquae (Berlin, Reimer, pp. xix, 162), accompanied with four large maps.

The Cults of Ostia (pp. 98), by Lily Ross Taylor, appears as a Bryn Mawr College Monograph. The author has made extensive research for facts relating to worship in the old Roman port.

Two recent studies of Roman law and institutions refer especially to Egypt. E. Revillout has written Les Origines Égyptiennes du Droit Civil Romain (Paris, 1912), and N. Hohlwein, L'Égypte Romaine, Recueil de Termes Techniques relatifs aux Institutions Politiques et

Administratives de l'Égypte Romaine, suivi d'un Choix de Textes Papyrologiques (Paris, Champion, 1912, pp. 619).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: E. Meyer, Untersuchungen über die älteste Geschichte Babyloniens und über Nebukadnezars Befestigungsanlagen (Sitzungsberichte der k. Preussischen Akademie der Wissenschaften, 1912, XLVII.); J. V. Prášek, Kyros der Grosse (Der Alte Orient, XIII. 3); id., Kambyses (ibid., XIV. 2); W. Schulze, Der Tod des Kambyses (Sitzungsberichte der k. Preussischen Akademie der Wissenschaften, 1912, XXXVII.); H. Vincent, Les Noms de Jérusalem (Memnon, VI. 2); U. Kahrstedt, Phoenikischer Handel an der Italischen Westküste (Klio, XII. 4); A. Boucher, La Tactique Grecque à l'Origine de l'Histoire Militaire (Revue des Études Grecques, July); M. P. Nilsson, Die Grundlagen des Spartanischen Lebens (Klio, XII. 3); E. Cavaignac, La Population du Péloponnèse aux Ve et IVe Siècles (ibid.); A. Schulten, Die Ausgrabungen in und um Numantia, 1905-1912 (International Monatschrift, January); M. Bang, Die Herkunft der Römischen Sklaven, II. Die Rechtsgründe der Unfreiheit (Mitteilungen des k. Deutschen Archaeologischen Instituts, Römische Abt., XXVII. 3); W. Judeich, Das Ende von Caesars Gallischer Statthalterschaft und der Ausbruch des Bürgerkrieges (Rheinisches Museum, LXVIII. 1); K. Eymer, Cäsar und Tacitus über die Germanen (Neue Jahrbücher für das Klassische Altertum, XXXI. 1); C. Jullian, César et Drusus en Germanie, I. (Journal des Savants, January); L. Holzapfel, Römische Kaiserdaten, I. Nero und Galba (Klio, XII. 4); L. Deubner, Die Apotheose des Antoninus Pius (Mitteilungen des k. Deutschen Archaeologischen Instituts, Römische Abt., XXVII. 1); L. Joulin, Les Âges Protohistoriques dans l'Europe Barbare (Comptes Rendus, July); F. Haverfield, Ancient Rome and Ireland (English Historical Review, January).

# EARLY CHURCH HISTORY

The second and concluding volume of Das Christentum in den ersten drei Jahrhunderten by Achelis has appeared (Leipzig, Quelle and Meyer, 1912).

Primitive Christianity and its Non-Jewish Sources, by Carl Clemen, translated by R. G. Nisbet (Edinburgh, T. and T. Clark) is a study of the origin of Christianity based on ample knowledge of ancient religions and of the results of modern scholarship.

The third volume of O. Bardenhewer's Geschichte der Altkirchlichen Litteratur has the subtitle, Das Vierte Jahrhundert mit Auschluss der Schriftsteller Syrischer Zunge (Freiburg i. B., Herder, 1912, pp. x, 665).

A recent volume of the *Bibliothèque de Théologie Historique* deals with *Nestorius et la Controverse Nestorienne* (Paris, Beauchesne, 1912, pp. viii, 326), and is from the pen of J. Martin.

Volume III. of Professor Hartmann Grisar's History of Rome and the Popes in the Middle Ages, edited by Luigi Cappodelta (Kegan Paul),

carries the account to the end of the sixth century in as able a manner as that which characterizes the earlier volumes.

L'Afrique Chrétienne by J. Mesnage (Paris, Leroux, 1912, pp. xii, 593) is a supplement to La Géographie de l'Afrique Chrétienne of Mgr. Toulotte, whose investigations the author has completed (reviewed, Revue Archéologique, July).

A British and Breton saint of the sixth century is the subject of La Vie de Saint Samson, Essai de Critique Hagiographique, by R. Fawtier (Paris, Champion, 1913, pp. ii, 180). A new critical edition of the text of the Vita Sancti Samsonis is appended. The volume is number 197 of the Bibliothèque de l'École des Hautes Études.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: L. von Sybel, Die Magier aus Morgenland (Mitteilungen des k. Deutschen Archaeologischen Instituts, Römische Abt., XXVII. 4); P. Allard, Une Nouvelle Théorie sur le Martyre des Chrétiens de Lyon en 177 (Revue des Questions Historiques, January; Professor J. W. Thompson's thesis is also controverted by Harnack in the Theologische Litteraturzeitung, XXXVIII. 3); A. d'Alès, Tertullien et Calliste, l'Édit de Calliste (Revue d'Histoire Ecclésiastique, October); P. J. Healy, Constantine's Edict of Toleration (Catholic University Bulletin, January); id., Social and Political Significance of the Edict of Milan (ibid., February); F. Savio, La Conversione di Costantino Magno e la Chiesa all' Inizio del Secolo IV. (La Civiltà Cattolica, February 15).

## MEDIEVAL HISTORY

General reviews: K. Dietrich, Die Byzantinische Zeitschrift und die Byzantinischen Studien in Deutschland (Internationale Monatschrift, December); D. De Kok, Les Études Franciscaines en Hollande depuis 1894, Notes Bibliographiques et Critiques [conclusion] (Archivum Franciscanum Historicum, October).

Aicher's Beiträge zur Geschichte der Tagesbezeichnung im Mittelalter (Innsbruck, Wagner, 1912) is a recently published aid to research in medieval history.

H. Lammens has gathered into a small volume three articles published in the Revista degli Studi Orientali on Ziad Ibn Abihi, Vice-roi de l'Iraq, Lieutenant de Mo'awia I. (Rome, 1912, pp. 139). The work is a critical study of a provincial governor who placed Mohammedan power on a firm basis in a recently conquered region, within a generation after the death of the Prophet. Another recent publication of Professor Lammens is Fatima et les Filles de Mahomet, Notes Critiques pour l'Étude de la Sira (Rome, Bretschneider, 1912, pp. viii, 170).

The registers of Pope John VIII. have recently been published in the Monumenta Germaniae Historica, Epistolae (Berlin, Weidmann).

A collection of *Etudes sur l'Histoire Byzantine*, by Professor Alfred Rambaud, has been published with a preface by Professor Diehl (Paris, Colin, 1912). One of the studies deals with the Bulgarian wars of the tenth century.

The fifty-seven days' pontificate of Gregory VIII. on the eve of the Third Crusade was crowded with activity which promised a notable administration, when it was cut short by sudden illness. Dr. G. Kleemann's thesis, *Papst Gregor VIII.*, 1187 (Bonn, Marcus and Weber, 1912, pp. 62), furnishes an excellent account, with abundant bibliographical apparatus, of the life and pontificate of this pope.

To the rich contributions of the past year to the history of the mendicant orders, the following additions are worthy of note. K. Hefele's Die Franziskanische Wanderpredigt in Italien während des 15. Jahrhunderts (Freiburg i. B., Herder, 1912, pp. 85) is practically a life of St. Bernardin of Siena. Louis Gillet has published a series of lectures under the title of Histoire Artistique des Ordres Mendiants (Paris, Laurens, 1912, pp. 376), which extends to the seventeenth century. The sixth volume of Mortier's Histoire des Maîtres Généraux de l'Ordre des Frères Prêcheurs (Paris, Picard, 1913, pp. 542) runs from 1589 to 1650.

Interest in the period of the Avignon papacy has been manifested by a considerable number of recent publications. The latest include an additional volume of the Lettres de Jean XXII. edited by A. Fayen for the Analecta Vaticano-Belgica (Paris, Champion, 1912), and W. Scheffler, Karl V. und Innocenz VI. (Berlin, Ebering, 1912). In Vienne au Temps du Concile, 1311-1312 (Paris, Picard, 1912, pp. 66), the Abbé Claude Bouvier has summarized existing knowledge of that little-known general council. A. Seraphim has edited Das Zeugenverhör des Franziskus de Moliano, 1312, Quellen zur Geschichte des Deutschen Ordens (Königsberg, Bever, 1912).

Two notable contributions to the history of the Council of Basel have recently appeared. Paul Lazarus has undertaken a comprehensive history of the council in his Das Basler Konzil (Berlin, Ebering, 1912, pp. 359), while A. Eckstein's Zur Finanzlage Felix' V. und des Basler Konzils (Berlin, Trowitzsch, 1912, pp. 97) deals only with the inconsistent financial expedients to which the council found itself compelled to resort (reviewed by F. Callaey, Revue d'Histoire Ecclésiastique, January).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: E. Rosenstock, Zur Ausbildung des Mittelalterlichen Festkalenders (Archiv für Kulturgeschichte, X. 3); J. de Ghellinck, La Littérature Polémique durant la Querelle des Investitures (Revue des Questions Historiques, January); H. Simonsfeld, Zum Päpstlichen Schreiben von 1157, Besançon (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XXIII. 4); F. Van Ortroy, S. François d'Assise et son Voyage en Orient (Analecta Bollandiana, XXXI. 4); Paschal Robinson, A Conjectural Chapter in the Life of St. Clare (Archivum Franciscanum Historicum, October).

#### MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY

General reviews: M. Dunan, Le Système Continental, Bulletin d'Histoire Économique, 1900-1911 (Revue des Études Napoléoniennes, January); P. Bailleu, Kriegsgeschichtliche Zentenarliteratur (Deutsche Rundschau, December).

M. Hobohm has made a very valuable contribution to the history of the art of war in his *Machiavellis Renaissance der Kriegskunst* (2 vols., Berlin, Curtius, 1912; reviewed by H. Delbrück, *Preussische Jahrbücher*, February).

The Oxford University Press announces vol. III. of P. S. Allen's edition of the *Letters of Erasmus*, 1517–1519.

A notable volume on the relations between France and Germany has been published by Professor P. Boissonade of the University of Poitiers, a Histoire des Premiers Essais de Relations Économiques Directes entre la France et l'État Prussien pendant le Règne de Louis XIV., 1643-1715 (Paris, Champion, 1913, pp. vi, 484).

The last addition to the Special Campaign series is An Outline of Marlborough's Campaigns, by Capt. F. W. O. Maycock.

During the past year two volumes have been added to the Histoire Générale de l'Église (Paris, Bloud) by Professor Fernand Mourret of the Seminary of Saint-Sulpice. They will form volumes six and seven of the completed work, and deal with L'Ancien Régime, and with La Révolution, 1775-1823. The earlier volume is especially comprehensive in scope, and though written by an ardent Roman Catholic includes chapters on Protestantism, the eastern churches, and the philosophical movement of the eighteenth century. Three chapters are devoted to the history of the papacy during the period. The Gallican movement, Jansenism, Quietism, the work of St. Francis of Sales and of St. Vincent de Paul, the rise of the new religious orders, and the missionary activities in America, Africa, and the Far East are all treated. The volume covers a period of church history which has been neglected and misunderstood. In spite of its emphatically Catholic point of view and carelessness in proof-reading, this volume by Professor Mourret is a useful contribution (reviews by P. Allard, Revue des Questions Historiques, October; and by A. Cans, Revue d'Histoire Moderne, November).

A Bibliographie de la Franc-maçonnerie et des Sociétés Secrètes, including both printed and manuscript materials in French and Latin, is being compiled by P. Fesch, J. Denais, and R. Lay. The first fascicle, A to Cérémonie, has appeared (Paris, Société Bibliographique, 1912, pp. 276).

Philippson's Die Aeussere Politik Napoleons I., der Friede von Amiens, 1802 (Leipzig, Fock, 1912) and S. Bradisteanu, Die Beziehungen Russlands und Frankreichs zur Türkei in den J. 1806 und 1807 (Berlin, Ebering, 1912) are new studies on two important features of the

Napoleonic diplomacy. Two further volumes are worth adding to the list of 1812 centenary literature: André Bouvery, Cent Ans après 1812, Rostopchin et Kutusof, Documents Authentiques relatifs à l'Histoire de la Campagne de Russie (Paris, Challamel, 1912), and Col. C. T. Hellmüller, Die Roten Schweizer, 1812 (Bern, Frank, 1912, pp. 298).

No. 12 of the Special Campaign series is an excellent work on The Ulm Campaign, 1805, by Col. F. N. Maude, C. B., late of the Royal Engineers, this being the third study which Col. Maude has contributed to the series.

Pierre Albin has revised and brought up to date his collection of important treaties since 1815, Les Grands Traités Politiques, in a second edition (Paris, Alcan, 1912). The first volume of a new Histoire Politique du XIXe Siècle is published by Paul Feyel (Paris, Bloud, 1913, pp. viii, 579).

Edmond Bapst's Les Origines de la Guerre de Crimée (Paris, Delagrave, 1912, pp. 518) deals with the relations between France and Russia from 1848 until the outbreak of the war. F. Charles Roux has made a detailed study of a later phase of the relations of the two countries in Alexandre II., Gortchakoff, et Napoléon III. (Paris, Plon, 1913, pp. 568).

The Abbé Albert Houtin, himself a modernist, has written an excellent and sympathetic *Histoire du Modernisme Catholique* (Paris, the author, 18 rue Cuvier, 1913, pp. 458; reviews by A. Aulard, *La Révolution Française*, January; and by P. Alfaric, *Revue Critique*, January 25).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: E. Salaris, Gl' Italiani nella Guerra di Russia, Malo-Jaroslavetz, 24 Ottobre 1812 (Nuova Antologia, November 1); E. W. von Baumbach, Persönliche Erlebnisse im Feldzug gegen Russland, 1812 (Deutsche Rundschau, December); A. Fournier, Die Geheimpolizei auf dem Wiener Kongress [conclusion] (ibid.); S. Goryainov, The Secret Agreement of 1844 between Russia and Great Britain (Russian Review, July, November); F. C. Roux, La France et l'Entente Russo-Prussienne après la Guerre de Crimée (Revue Historique, January); L. Rava, Dal Codice Civile al Codice del Lavoro (Nuova Antologia, February 1); D. Schäfer, Die Deutsch-Französische Sprachgrenze (Internationale Monatschrift, October).

# GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

General review: C. Bémont, Histoire d'Angleterre, I. (Revue Historique, January).

In partial pursuance of the recommendations recently made by the Royal Commission on Public Records, to the effect that a permanent committee of especially qualified scholars should be appointed to superintend the publications of the Public Record Office, the Master of the Rolls has assembled, under his own chairmanship, an advisory committee to assist him for the present in the planning and superintendence of such

publications as are edited by persons not members of the permanent official staff. The advisory committee now consists of the Master of the Rolls, chairman, the Deputy Keeper of the Records, vice-chairman, Professors C. H. Firth, A. F. Pollard, T. F. Tout, and Paul Vinogradoff, Dr. Reginald Lane Poole, Mr. H. W. V. Temperley, and Messrs. C. G. Crump and C. Johnson of the Record Office, the last acting as secretary.

Among Messrs. Dutton's spring announcements is English History and Schools of History, by Professor Richard Lodge.

An important contribution to English industrial history is Miss O. Jocelyn Dunlop's English Apprenticeship and Child Labour: a History. The volume contains a supplement on the modern problem of child labor written by Miss O. J. Dunlop and Mr. R. D. Denman.

Three volumes have been recently added to the Victoria History of the Counties of England (Constable): Bedford, vol. III., edited by William Page; Hampshire and the Isle of Wight, vol. V., also edited by Mr. Page; and Surrey, vol. IV., edited by H. E. Malden.

The Manorial Society has just issued its sixth annual report, which cites, among the publications of the society, A Concordance of all Written Lawes concerning Lords of Mannors by William Barlee (1578), edited, with a biographical preface, by the deputy-registrar; and Kentish Manorial Incidents by Mr. H. W. Knocker. The society is preparing a card index of all references to manors and manorial documents in the volumes of the Historical Manuscripts Commission.

Das Keltische Brittannien, by Professor E. Windisch of the University of Leipzig, is published in the Abhandlungen der k. Sächsischen Gesellschaft der Wissenschaften, phil.-hist. Kl. XXIX. 6. (Leipzig, Teubner, 1912, pp. 190). The struggles of the Celts with the Romans and with the Anglo-Saxons and the Christianization of the Celts are treated, but the author as a philologist has naturally given liberal attention to the Arthur legend.

The second volume of the series the Birth of the English Church, published by John Murray, is Saint Augustine of Canterbury, by Sir Henry H. Howorth, K. C. I. E.

The Youth of Henry VIII.: a Narrative in Contemporary Letters, by Mr. Frank A. Mumby, is to be published shortly by Messrs. Constable.

Volume 48 of the *Record Series* of the Yorkshire Archaeological Society contains papers relating to the suppression of the monasteries in Yorkshire, edited by J. W. Clay (1912, pp. xii, 196).

Dr. Hornemann has published a monograph on Das Privy Council von England zur Zeit der Königin Elizabeth (Hanover, Hahn, 1912).

The University Press at Oxford, England, has just published a brochure of forty-three pages entitled John Penry, the so-called Martyr

of Congregationalism as revealed in the Original Record of his Trial and in Documents related thereto, edited, with preface, Introduction, and notes, by Champlin Burrage, B.Litt., librarian of Manchester College, Oxford. The discovery of the original records of Penry's trial (1593) furnishes an important contribution to an important incident in the early history of the English Separatist movement.

Mr. Bernard Nutter's The Story of the Cambridge Baptists and the Struggle for Religious Liberty (Cambridge, England, Heffer) is a study of the part played by the University of Cambridge in the early history of the Separatists.

Father William Forbes Leith has published, through the press of Longmans, two volumes of Memoirs of Scottish Catholics during the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries, the material being selected from manuscripts hitherto inedited.

Professor G. Rouard de Card of the University of Toulouse is the author of a monograph on La Défaite des Anglais à Tanger en 1664 (Paris, Pedone, 1912).

The Journal of John Stevens: containing a brief Account of the War in Ireland, 1689-1691 (Oxford, Clarendon Press), printed from a manuscript owned by the British Museum, well edited by the Rev. Robert H. Murray, is a valuable addition to the history of the Revolution in Ireland.

In *The Memoir of Sir Horace Mann* (Kegan Paul) by I. G. Sieveking, the author's interest in the subject of the volume has been distinctly secondary to his interest in the personality of Prince Charles Edward, the Young Pretender.

A brief but carefully written essay by Mr. J. A. Lovat Fraser on John Stuart, Earl of Bute (Putnam) is an attempt to interpret that statesman's character in the non-partizan spirit of von Ruville's portrait rather than in the spirit of the biased writings of the earlier historians.

Professor William T. Laprade of Trinity College, North Carolina, is editing for the Royal Historical Society the papers of John Robinson, secretary of the treasury under Lord North. These papers, which consist chiefly of letters, notes, and memoranda, contain valuable information about the secret service, government patronage, and parliamentary elections. They are to appear in the society's *Camden Series*.

The Windham Papers, in two volumes (Herbert Jenkins), with an introduction by the Earl of Rosebery, not only give an excellent picture of William Windham but also throw new light on the relations between England and France during the French Revolution.

An excellent account of the Campaign of Trafalgar (Longmans), viewed as part of Pitt's plan of war rather than as an achievement of Nelson, comes from the pen of Julian S. Corbett, lecturer in history to the Royal Naval War College and author of notable books in English naval history.

France 651

The Correspondence of Lord Burghersh, afterwards Eleventh Earl of Westmorland, 1808–1840, edited by his granddaughter and published by John Murray, while covering a wide range of topics, is especially valuable for its vivid picture of Italian affairs during Lord Burghersh's ministry at the court of Tuscany, 1813–1830.

Volume III. of Monsignor Bernard Ward's The Eve of Catholic Emancipation has recently appeared (Longmans).

John Lane announces Life and Letters of William Cobbett in England and America, by Mr. Lewis Melville.

The Union of South Africa, by W. Basil Worsfold (Boston, Little, Brown, and Company), is a survey of the physical characteristics of the country, the character of the native races, and the history of European colonization, by an author who has already written much on South Africa.

A valuable study of English colonization by a French observer is La Politique Indigène de l'Angleterre en Afrique Occidentale (Paris, Hachette, 1912, pp. xxxix, 561). The book is an account of the formation of English establishments in western Africa, especially during the last generation, based upon observations made during residence in the districts concerned.

British documentary publications: Calendar of State Papers, Venetian, vol. XVIII., 1623-1625, ed. A. B. Hinds; Calendar of Inquisitions post Mortem, vol. III.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: N. S. B. Gras, The Origin of the National Customs-Revenue of England (Quarterly Journal of Economics, November); L. V. D. Owen, England and the Low Countries, 1405–1413 (English Historical Review, January); G. Constant, Le Commencement de la Restauration Catholique en Angleterre par Marie Tudor, 1553 (Revue Historique, January); C. Read, Walsingham and Burghley in Queen Elizabeth's Privy Council (English Historical Review, January); L. Riess, Die Lösung des Maria Stuart Problems (Historische Zeitschrift, CX. 2); H. W. V. Temperley, Documents Illustrative of the Powers of the Privy Council in the Seventeenth Century (English Historical Review, January); W. C. Abbott, The Fame of Cromwell (Yale Review, January); E. Lipson, The Elections to the Exclusion Parliaments, 1679–1681 (English Historical Review, January).

#### FRANCE

General reviews: R. Reuss, Histoire de France, Révolution (Revue Historique, January); L. Alloing, Chronique de l'Est de la France, II. (Revue des Questions Historiques, January).

M. Pierre Caron's Bibliographie des Travaux publiés de 1866 à 1897 sur l'Histoire de la France depuis 1789 has now been issued in completed form (Paris, Édouard Cornély, 1912, pp. xxxix, 831). The entries run

to more than 13,000 numbers, and the indexes, of authors and persons and of places, occupy 136 pages. Upon the value of such a guide it is not necessary to dilate. Its method is sufficiently described by saying that it is the same as that of the *Répertoire Méthodique* of MM. Brière and Caron, of which the first volume was that for 1898, but which extended over the whole modern field, whereas the present work is confined to the materials on the period since 1789.

Professor E. Levasseur has written a *Histoire du Commerce de la France* (Paris, Rousseau, 1912). The work is in two volumes, one for the period prior to the Revolution, and the other for the period since 1789.

In the series of manuals for the use of historical investigators issued by Picard of Paris, J. Roman has published a Manuel de Sigillographie Française (1913, pp. vii, 400). The first volume of a Manuel de Numismatique Française by A. Blanchet and A. Dieudonné (1913, pp. vii, 431) extends through the Carolingian epoch. The early iron age, or Hallstatt period, is covered in the second volume of J. Déchelette's Manuel d'Archéologie Préhistorique, Celtique, et Gallo-Romaine (1913).

The council general of the department of the Seine has undertaken the publication of a series of monographs on the history of the eleven communes annexed to Paris in 1859. The first volume dealt with Bercy; the second volume, by Lucien Lambeau, is on *Vaugirard* (Paris, Leroux, 1912, pp. 538). The materials relate mainly to the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. An appendix includes twenty-one important documents, while frequent extracts from documents and references to the sources throughout the volume testify to the careful researches of the author. The volume is handsomely printed and fully indexed.

An unusually important contribution is Henri Hauser's Le Traité de Madrid et la Cession de Bourgogne à Charles-Quint (Paris, Champion, 1912, pp. 186). It is especially a study of the national sentiment in Burgundy in the years 1525 and 1526. The writer proves that there was no meeting of the States General at Cognac in the latter year, but only a meeting of the council.

The publications during the past year relating to Richelieu include the third volume (1620–1623) of his Mémoires published by the Société d'Histoire de France; M. Deloche, La Maison du Cardinal de Richelieu (Paris, Champion, 1912, pp. iii, 586); the first volume of J. Tournyol du Clos, Richelieu et le Clergê de France, la Recherche des Amortissements d'après les Mémoires de Montchal (Paris, Giard and Brière, 1912); and Le Cardinal de Richelieu et la Réforme des Monastères Bénédictins (Paris, Champion, 1913, pp. xvi, 511). The last work is the first volume of a Bibliothèque d'Histoire Bénédictine.

The two-volume Histoire des Séminaires Français jusqu'à la Révolution (Paris, Beauchesne, 1912, pp. xv, 440, 543), by Professor A. Degert, of the Catholic Institute of Toulouse, is a chapter in the history of religious education, which will interest the students of the history of

France 653

both France and New France (reviewed by E. Albe, Revue des Questions Historiques, October, 1912).

In La Dîme Ecclésiastique de XVIII<sup>e</sup> Siècle et sa Suppression (Bordeaux, Imprimerie de l'Université, 1912, pp. xx, 403), Henri Marion has produced a valuable general study in legal history, but the work can scarcely be considered definitive, as the archives of only a few departments have been studied in relation to the subject. A brief account of the dîmes inféodées is included (reviewed by Camille Bloch, La Révolution Française, January).

Madame Royale, Fille de Louis XVI. et de Marie-Antoinette: sa Jeunesse et son Mariage, by Ernest Daudet (Hachette), and Les Fiançailles de Madame Royale, Fille de Louis XVI., et la première Année de son Séjour à Vienne (Plon-Nourrit) cover much the same ground, though the second is the result of a wider use of documents.

Alphonse Dunoyer's Fouquier-Tinville, Accusateur Public du Tribunal Révolutionnaire, 1746-1795 (Paris, Perrin), because of the author's wide knowledge and careful use of documents, is of considerable historical value.

The Journal of the Comte d'Espinchal during the Emigration, edited by Ernest d'Hauterive and translated by Mrs. Rodolph Stawell, is published by Messrs. Chapman and Hall.

In the Collection des Documents Inédits sur l'Histoire Économique de la Révolution Française, Charles Porée, archivist of the department of the Yonne, has published the first volume of Documents relatifs à la Vente des Biens Nationaux dans le District de Sens (Paris, Leroux, 1912, pp. ccxlv, 500). The extended introduction contains many carefully prepared tables. The commission in charge of this series has issued as the first part of the 1912 volume of its Bulletin d'Histoire Économique de la Révolution (Paris, Leroux, 1912, pp. 352) a collection of the principal legislative and administrative documents regarding the regulation of commerce from 1788 to 1803. These are edited with an introduction by C. Schmidt, and are intended as a guide for the editors of documents in the series.

The most recent publications of the Société de l'Histoire de la Révolution Française are Félix Mourlot's Le Cahier d'Observations et Doléances du Tiers État de la Ville de Caen en 1789, and Pierre Caron's Le Comité Militaire de la Constituante, de la Législative, et de la Convention (Paris, 1912).

The most important recent volumes on the local history of the Revolution include La Révolution à Nice, 1792-1800 (Paris, Leroux, 1912, pp. xi, 237) by Dr. Joseph Combet, professor of history at the lycée of Nice; Le Club des Jacobins de Tulle, which contains the complete journals of the club from 1790 to 1795 (Paris, Leroux, 1912, pp. 610); La Révolution à Alençon, Année 1789 (Alençon, Coueslant, 1912, pp. xv, 304) by

Adhémard Leclère; and La Mission du Conventionnel Lakanal dans la Dordogne en l'An II. (Paris, Champion, 1913, pp. xxii, 710).

M. Christian Pfister, who is already known for his contributions to the history of Nancy and of Lorraine, has published Les Assemblées Électorales dans le Département de la Meurthe, le District, les Cantons, et la Ville de Nancy (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1912, pp. xxx, 403). The volume contains the procès-verbaux of all the elections from 1789 to 1800, and a list of all officeholders in the circumscriptions concerned during the period. The documents are elucidated and illuminated by notes and other materials. The volume stands in a class almost by itself, as the only other works of the sort are Eschasseriaux's volume for the Charente-Inférieure, and the incomplete publications of Charavay for Paris and of Rouvière for the Gard (reviews by A. Aulard, La Révolution Française, December, 1912; and by C. Constantin, Revue des Questions Historiques, October, 1912).

The second volume of Picard and Tuetey's Correspondance Inêdite de Napoléon Ier conservée aux Archives de la Guerre covers 1808 and 1809 (Paris, Lavauzelle, 1912, pp. 856).

There have recently appeared two volumes on the Commune: Lieutenant-Colonel Rousset's La Commune à Paris et en Province (Paris, Tallandier, pp. vii, 303), and the second volume of the extremely detailed study by Edmond Lepelletier on the Histoire de la Commune de 1871 (Paris, Mercure de France, 1912, pp. 520), which deals with the central committee during the week March 18–26.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: G. Kurth, Étude Critique sur la Vie de Sainte Geneviève (Revue d'Histoire Ecclésiastique, January); L. Levillain, La Succession d'Austrasie au VIIe Siècle (Revue Historique, January); E. Lesne, La Dîme des Biens Ecclésiastiques aux IXe et Xe Siècles, I., II., III. (Revue d'Histoire Ecclésiastique, July, October, January); L. Batiffol, Un Bourgeois du XVIIe Siècle [Michel de Marillac, garde des sceaux] (Revue de Paris, January 15, February 1); A. Schinz, La Question du "Contrat Social" (Revue d'Histoire Littéraire de la France, October); A. Aulard, La Féodalité sous Louis XVI. (La Révolution Française, February); A. Wahl, La Politique Réaliste de Robespierre (Revue Historique de la Révolution Française et de l'Empire, October); J. Colin, La Place de Napoléon dans l'Histoire Militaire (Revue des Études Napoléoniennes, January); L. de Lanzac de Laborie, Napoléon et le Peintre David (ibid.); F. Masson, L'Inceste de Napoléon et Pauline à l'île d'Elbe (ibid.); J. S. Worm-Müller, Ledende Ideer i Fransk Historieskrivning i det 19de Aarhundrede (Samtiden, XIII. 8); F. Blanc, Le Comitê Exécutif de Lyon en 1848 (La Révolution de 1848, November); É. Mayer, Henry Houssaye, Notes sur sa Documentation (Revue des Études Napoléoniennes, January).

# ITALY, SPAIN, AND PORTUGAL

General review: E. Pandiani, L'Opera della Società Ligure di Storia Patria, 1858-1912 (Rivista Storica Italiana, October).

From the Cambridge University Press comes The Early History of the House of Savoy, 1000–1233, by C. W. Previté Orton, a thorough and valuable study of the period in which the counts of Savoy were building up their power.

K. Burdach and P. Piur have published the third and fourth volumes of the *Briefwechsel des Cola di Rienzo* (Berlin, Weidmann, 1912).

The subtitle of the third volume of R. Davidsohn's Geschichte von Florenz is Die Letzten Kämpfe gegen die Reichsgewalt (Berlin, Mittler, 1912, pp. xiv, 954).

T. Persico is the author of a volume on Gli Scrittori Politici Napoletani dal 1400 al 1700 (Naples, Perrella, 1912, pp. xx, 414). Volume 31 of the Historische Bibliothek is an essay on Machiavelli as an historian, entitled Machiavellis Geschichtsauffassung und sein Begriff Virtù, by E. W. Mayer (Munich, Oldenbourg, 1912, pp. viii, 125).

The rise to power of the elder Cosimo de' Medici in the fifteenth century is the subject of A. Anzilotti's La Crisi Costituzionale della Repubblica Fiorentina (Florence, Seeber, 1912; reviewed by R. Morcay, Rivista Storica Italiana, October).

C. Fedeli's Studi e Ricerche sulla Storia dell'Ordine di Malta (Pisa, Mariotti, 1912) contains a series of letters from the grand masters of the order to the dukes of Urbino from 1558 to 1623 (reviewed by C. Cipolla, Rivista Storica Italiana, October).

The siege of Turin in 1706 is the central topic in the sixth volume of Le Campagne di Guerra in Piemonte (Turin, Bocca, 1912, pp. xv, 541) by G. Roberti, A. Segre, and P. Valente.

Several monographs have recently appeared dealing with the French activities in Italy after the Revolution, including A. Mattioli, Le Correnti di Parte e la Poesia Politica in Modena durante la Rivoluzione del 1706 (Modena, Soc. Tip. Modenese, 1912, pp. 25); U. Benassi, Il Generale Bonaparte, il Duca, e i Giacobini di Parma e Piacenza (Parma, Tip. Federale, 1912, pp. 114); L. Ginetti, Napoleone I. a Parma (Parma, Tip. Coop. Parmense, 1912, pp. 40); B. Croce, La Rivoluzione Napoletana del 1799 (Bari, Laterza, 1912, pp. xxiii, 473); F. Nicolini, Saggio Storico sulla Rivoluzione Napoletana del 1799, seguito dal Rapporto al Cittadino Carnot di Francesco Lomonaco, di Vincenzo Cuoco (Bari, Laterza, 1912, pp. 395); and G. Natali, La Vita e il Pensiero di Francesco Lomonaco, 1772–1810 (Naples, Stabilimento Sangiovanni, 1912, pp. 122).

Two recent additions to the Cavour literature are Pietro Orsi's Cavour e la Formazione del Regno d'Italia (Turin, Società Nazionale, pp. 382), and Ida N. Micheli's Cavour e Garibaldi nel 1860, Cronistoria Documentata (Rome, Tip. Sociale, pp. 223). A bibliography of the Risorgimento, La Storia del Risorgimento Italiano nei Libri, Bibliografia Ragionata (Bologna, Zanichelli, 1912), has been prepared by Ernesto Masi.

The number for September, 1912, of the Revista Popolare, published at Rome and Naples, is devoted exclusively to an article on Aspromonte, which is stigmatized in the subtitle as the greatest crime of the Italian monarchy. The account of the expedition is supplemented by personal recollections drawn from memoirs and various other sources, and by the judgments on the affair expressed by many noted Italians. The article is fully and excellently illustrated.

E. Lémonon treats the half-century of Italian unity in L'Italie Économique et Sociale, 1861-1912 (Paris, Alcan, 1913).

The Revista de Archivos, Bibliotecas, y Museos for July was dedicated to the memory of its late editor, Marcelino Menéndez y Pelayo, and contained a dozen articles on his life and work contributed by different writers.

Mr. Julius Klein, Woodbury Lowery Fellow in Spanish History at Harvard University, has had the good fortune to discover at Madrid the archives of the Mesta, or Sheep-Raising Organization of Spain, hitherto unknown to Spanish archivists and historians. These archives contain a number of royal charters of privilege to the Mesta from the fourteenth century onward, minutes of the meetings of the Concejo de la Mesta, accounts, notes on trials of cases between the Mesta and various individuals, pueblos, and religious organizations, and reports of the different Mesta officials. This rich collection is now the property of the Asociacion General de Ganaderos, and Mr. Klein has been given access to it through the great courtesy of the Marques de la Frontera, secretary of that association. He is at present engaged in summarizing and copying the most important documents in the collection.

Dr. E. Masoin, an alienist, has presented what seem to be convincing proofs of the insanity of the unfortunate Mad Joanna in La Mère de Charles-Quint, Jeanne de Castille, dite la Folle, fût-elle réellement Aliênée? Etude Historique et Médicale (Brussels, Goemaere, 1912, pp. 48).

We have recently received two large volumes in which the third Viscount de Santarem has published the minor and scattered writings of the second Viscount de Santarem, edited by Jordão de Freitas, under the title, 2º Visconde de Santarem: Opusculos e Esparsos (Lisbon, Imprensa Libanio da Silva, 1910). About sixty pieces are included, of which the longest is the "Noticia dos Manuscriptos que se achao na Bibliotheca Real de Paris, pertencentes ao Direito Publico Externo Diplomatico de Portugal e a Historia e Literatura do mesmo Paiz." A third volume, containing unpublished works of the same erudite historian, is promised, and like the other volumes will be gratuitously distributed by his grandson, the present viscount.

In a pamphlet of a dozen pages, Sr. Jordao de Freitas reviews the question, Quando foi Descoberta a Madeira? (Lisbon, Imprensa Libanio da Silva, 1911).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: W. Andreas, Graf Baldassare Castiglione und die Renaissance (Archiv für Kulturgeschichte, X. 3); G. Natali, Francesco Lomonaco e il Sentimento Nazionale nella Età Napoleonica (Nuova Antologia, November I); R. De Cesare, Alessandro Poerio, Enrico Cosenz e la Battaglia di Custoza (ibid., February I); G. Daumet, Louis de la Cerda ou d'Espagne (Bulletin Hispanique, January).

# GERMANY, AUSTRIA, AND SWITZERLAND

General reviews: E. A. Goldsilber, Courrier Allemand, II. (Revue des Questions Historiques, January); R. Kötzschke, Geschichte der Wirtschaftlichen Kultur Deutschlands, die Aeltere Zeit, I. (Archiv für Kulturgeschichte, X. 3).

In the series of Historische Studien published by Ebering of Berlin, the most recent issues are: F. J. Biehringer, Kaiser Friedrich II.; W. Norden, Erzbischof Friedrich von Mainz und Otto der Grosse; F. Schneider, Herzog Johann von Bayern, Erwählter Bischof von Lüttich und Graf von Holland, 1373–1425; and F. Hülsen, Die Besitzungen des Klosters Lorsch in der Karolingerzeit.

G. Weise has made a useful study of the relations of Church and State in the early Middle Ages in Königtum und Bischofswahl im Fränkischen und Deutschen Reich vor dem Investiturstreit (Berlin, Weidmann, 1912).

Henry the Lion, the Lothian Historical Essay for 1912 (London, Simpkin and Marshall), by Austin Lane Poole, is an excellent summary of the events in the life of Henry.

J. Haller's Die Marbacher Annalen (Berlin, Weidmann, 1912) is an important critical study of the sources for the Hohenstaufen period.

Köster's Die staatlichen Beziehungen der Böhmischen Herzöge und Könige zu den Deutschen Kaisern von Otto dem Grossen bis Ottokar II. (Breslau, Marcus, 1912) is an important addition to the history of the rise of Bohemia.

Dr. J. Vota (said to be the pseudonym of a well-known German historian) has used important new sources in *Der Untergang des Ordensstaates Preussen und die Entstehung der Preussischen Königs-würde* (Mainz, Kirchheim, 1913, pp. xxiv, 608), as he has been granted unusual freedom of access to archives both in Berlin and Vienna. The work extends from the treaty of Thorn in 1466 to the acquisition of the royal title in 1701.

Among the recent publications on Luther and the Reformation in Germany are: P. Kalkoff's Zu Luthers Römischen Prozess, der Prozess des Jahres 1518 (Gotha, Perthes, 1912, pp. ix, 214), republished with some additions from the Zeitschrift für Kirchengeschichte; A. V. Müller's Luthers Theologische Quellen, seine Verteidigung gegen Deniste

und Grisar (Giessen, Töpelmann, 1912); Hecker's Religion und Politik in den letzten Lebensjahren Herzog Georgs des Bärtigen von Sachsen (Leipzig, Quelle and Meyer, 1912); Völker's Toleranz und Intoleranz im Zeitalter der Reformation (Leipzig, Hinrichs, 1912); and the volume of Kirchengeschichtliche Forschungen, insbesondere zur Reformationsgeschichte (Gotha, Perthes, 1912) published in honor of the seventieth birthday of Theodor Brieger, professor of church history at Leipzig.

A number of recent monographs on the military and diplomatic history of Germany during the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries are worthy of note: N. Wimarson, Sveriges Krig i Tyskland, 1675–1679 (Lund, Geerup, 1912); H. Schilling, Der Zwist Preussens und Hannovers, 1729–1730 (Halle, Niemeyer, 1912); Turba, Die Grundlagen der Pragmatischen Sanktion (vol. II., Vienna, Deuticke, 1912); and Preitz, Prinz Moritz von Dessau im Siebenjährigen Kriege (Munich, Oldenbourg, 1912).

The relations between the enlightened despotism and the Church in Germany have recently been studied by W. Windelband in Staat und Katholische Kirche in der Markgrafschaft Baden zur Zeit Karl Friedrichs (Tübingen, Mohr, 1912); and by M. J. Mack in his thesis on Die Reformund Aufklärungsbestrebungen im Erzstift Salzburg unter Erzbischof Hieronymus von Colloredo (Munich, Böck, 1912, pp. 127). Another work on the archbishopric of Salzburg is Die Kurie und die Salzburger Kirchenprovinz (Berlin, Weidmann, 1912), by A. Brackmann.

A very expensive illustrated volume has been brought out by Wilhelm John, the director of the military museum in Vienna, on L'Archiduc Charles, le Maréchal et son Armée (Vienna, Klarwill, 1913). A three-volume life by Cieste of Ersherzog Karl von Oesterreich (Vienna, Braumüller, 1912) has also appeared. Professor Delbrück has completely revised Das Leben des Feldmarschalls Grafen Neidhardt von Gneisenau in a third edition (Berlin, Stilke, 1913). The second volume of the Lebenserinnerungen of General Karl von Wedel, edited by K. Tröger, covers the period 1810–1858 (Berlin, Mittler, 1912). A volume of reminiscences by Prince August of Thurn and Taxis bears the title, Aus Drei Feldzügen, 1812–1815 (Leipzig, Insel-Verlag, 1912).

The German general staff has undertaken the publication of Das Preussische Heer der Befreiungskriege, the first volume of which deals with the army of 1812 (Berlin, Mittler, pp. viii, 640). The numerous maps and sketches are of the highest value. The general staff has also issued a volume on Kolberg, 1806–1807 (Berlin, Mittler, 1912, pp. xii, 293). The third volume of F. Friederich's Die Befreiungskriege deals with the campaign of 1814 (Berlin, Mittler, 1912). Another volume on the Napoleonic wars is Lieut.-Col. Sauzey's Les Allemands sous les Aigles Françaises, les Soldats de Hesse et de Nassau (Paris, Chapelot, 1912, pp. 296).

Professor Karl Lamprecht's Deutsche Geschichte der Jüngsten Vergangenheit und Gegenwart deals primarily with the last three decades

of the nineteenth century. The first volume treats the economic and social development, and the second the domestic politics and foreign relations (Berlin, Weidmann, 1912, pp. xvi, 519; xiv, 563). The last quarter-century of German history is sketched in P. Meinhold's Wilhelm II., 25 Jahre Kaiser und König (Berlin, Hofmann, 1912).

Principles of Prussian Administration, by Professor Herman G. James of the University of Texas (Macmillan, 1913, pp. xiv, 309), is prefaced with a brief sketch of the history of the Prussian administrative system.

Max Foltz's Geschichte des Danziger Stadthaushalts (Danzig, Kafemann, 1912, pp. xi, 615) is a full investigation of the city's administration from its foundation down to 1910, but the portion of greatest importance is that on the Polish period from 1454 to 1793.

Professor M. Doeberl of the University of Munich has published the second volume of *Entwickelungsgeschichte Bayerns* (Munich, Oldenbourg, 1912, pp. viii, 496), which covers the period from the peace of Westphalia to the death of King Maximilian I. in 1825. A third volume will complete the work.

The Commission for the Modern History of Austria expects to publish this spring the second volume of the treaties with England, edited by A. F. Pribram, and the first volume of the Korrespondenz Ferdinands I., ed. W. Bauer, and later in the year the first volume of the Korrespondenz Maximilians II., ed. V. Bibl. The manuscript of the third volume of Dr. Ludwig Bittner's Chronologisches Verzeichniss der Oesterreichischen Staatsverträge is expected to be ready before long.

A Generalregister (Vienna, Holder, 1912, pp. xiii, 187) has been published of the first one hundred volumes of the Archiv für Oesterreichische Geschichte, formerly Archiv für Kunde Oesterreichischer Geschichtsquellen, and for the nine supplementary volumes of the Notizenblatt, which were published from 1851 to 1859.

Duncker and Humblot of Leipzig have recently issued a Geschichte der Böhmischen Industrie in der Neuzeit by A. Salz.

The second volume of H. Friedjung's Geschichte Oesterreichs von 1848 bis 1860 (Stuttgart, Cotta, 1912, pp. xii, 569) deals mainly with Schwarzenberg and contains an appendix of important documents.

Though written in a somewhat popular style, Handelspolitik und Ausgleich in Oesterreich-Ungarn (Vienna, Holder, 1912, pp. vi, 253), by Professor Josef Grunzel, gives an excellent and useful survey of a subject which has needed an enlightening treatment.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: E. Rosenstock, Würzburg, das erste geistliche Herzogtum in Deutschland (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XXIV. 1); W. von Brünneck, Geschichte der Soester Gerichtsdie Preussische Politik im Winter 1812 bis 1813 (Deutsche Rundschau, XXXIII.); M. Meyhöfer, Die Kaiserlichen Stiftungsprivilegien für

AM. HIST. REV., VOL. XVIII.-45.

Universitäten (Archiv für Urkundenforschung, IV. 3); F. Hartung, Die Reichsreform von 1485 bis 1495, ihr Verlauf und ihr Wesen, I. (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XXIV. 1); O. Schiff, Thomas Münzer und die Bauernbewegung am Oberrhein (Historische Zeitschrift, CX. 1); O. Braun, Herders Ideen zur Kulturphilosophic auf dem Höhepunkt seines Schaffens (ibid., CX. 2); P. Bailleu, Preussen am Scheidewege, Die Preussische Politik im Winter 1812 bis 1813 (Deutsche Rundschau, February); E. Brandenburg, Die Verhandlungen über die Gründung des Deutschen Reiches, 1870 (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XXIII. 4); O. Schneider, Bismarcks Finanz- und Wirtschaftspolitik (Staats- und Sozialwissenschaftliche Forschungen, 166); G. Goyau, Bismarck et l'Église, la Fin du Culturkampf, VI. [conclusion] (Revue des Deux Mondes, February 1).

## NETHERLANDS AND BELGIUM

Professor P. J. Blok has begun the issue of a second edition of his standard Geschiedenis van het Nederlandsche Volk. In a sense it may be regarded as a third edition, since the intermediate German version (though not the English) represents distinctly a personal revision by the author. The new issue will be in four volumes. Volume I. (Leyden, Sijthoff, 1912, pp. 708) includes the contents of volumes I. and II. of the original, carefully revised with attention to the investigations published since their issue in 1892 and 1893.

The Linschoten Society has in preparation editions of Pieter de Marees's Beschrijvinghe ende Historische Verhael van het Gout Coninkrijck van Guinea (1600–1602) and the first book of Cornelis de Houtman's Historie van Indien, containing the adventures of the Dutch ships from 1595 to 1597.

Major-General A. N. J. Fabius is the author of an excellent monograph entitled *Het Leven van Willem III*. (Alkmaar, Kluitman, 1912, pp. vii, 394). The work is divided into three parts, dealing with his youth, his stadtholderate to 1689, and his career after he became king of Great Britain and Ireland.

The third volume of the fourth series of the Archives ou Correspondance Inédite de la Maison d'Orange-Nassau (Leyden, Sijthoff, 1912, pp. xvi, 624) is edited by T. Bussemaker and covers 1756–1759.

In connection with the centenary of national independence, and because of the new privileges which they acquired through that event, the Catholics of the Netherlands are planning to publish a memorial volume entitled, Katholiek Nederlands, 1813–1913, written by co-operation.

To the original ten volumes of the Table Chronologique des Chartes et Diplômes Imprimés concernant l'Histoire de la Belgique compiled by Alphonse Wauters, a supplementary eleventh volume has been added by the late Stanislas Bormans and J. Halkin, of which the first part was

published in 1907, and the second part (1250-1300) in 1912. The work is a publication of the Commission Royale d'Histoire de Belgique (Brussels, Kiessling).

The Belgian Commission Royale d'Histoire has published C. Terlinden's Liste Chronologique Provisoire des Édits et Ordonnances des Pays-Bas, Règne de Philippe II., 1555-1598 (Brussels, Goemaere, 1912, pp. vii, 319), and the second volume of V. Brants's Recueil des Ordonnances des Pays-Bas, Règne d'Albert et d'Isabelle, covering 1609-1621 (Brussels, Goemaere, 1912, pp. iii, 512).

In the Rapport for 1911–1912 of the historical seminary of the University of Louvain the portion of most interest to our readers will be the comprehensive and valuable survey, by an American, Father P. Guilday, of the history of the English religious establishments in the Catholic Low Countries, 1558–1795.

#### NORTHERN AND EASTERN EUROPE

General review: A. Bugge, Geschichte der Nordischen Kultur (Archiv für Kulturgeschichte, X. 3).

The third volume of Professor M. C. Gertz's Vitae Sanctorum Danorum has recently appeared. The book is issued by the Society for the Publication of Sources of Danish History (Copenhagen, Gad).

E. Bull has published Folk og Kirke i Middelalderen, Studier til Norges Historie (Christiania, Gyldendal, 1912, pp. 272), a history of the Church in Norway in the Middle Ages.

Swedish negotiations with England, France, and Russia during the Crimean War are recounted in A. Cullberg's La Politique du Roi Oscar Ier pendant la Guerre de Crimée, of which Jordell of Paris has published the first volume.

Die Europäisierung Russlands im 18. Jahrhundert by C. Mettig has been published as the second volume of A. Bruckner's Geschichte Russlands bis zum Ende des 18. Jahrhunderts in Lamprecht's Allgemeine Staatengeschichte. This valuable contribution is supplemented at an interesting point by F. Andreae, Beiträge zur Geschichte Katharinas II., die Instruktion vom J. 1767 für die Kommission zur Abfassung eines Neuen Gesetzbuches (Berlin, Georg Reimer, 1912). The Grand Duke Nicolas Mikhaïlovitch has added to his historical writings a life of L'Empereur Alexandre Ier, in two volumes (Paris, Manzi, 1913, pp. xi, 544, v, 556).

M. Gaston Cahen's edition of Le Livre de Comptes de la Caravane Russe à Pékin en 1727-1728 is a valuable reference book for students of Russian relations with the East.

A little brochure by E. Fiodorow on La Révolution Finlandaise en Préparation, 1889-1905 (Paris, Welter, 1912, pp. 88), purports to contain "documents sensationnels publiés pour la première fois".

Six Années, la Russie de 1906 à 1912, is an adaptation by G. Dru of a Russian work by P. Poléjaïeff (Paris, Plon, 1912).

The Byzantine Research and Publication Fund and the British School at Athens will soon publish through Henry Frowde *The Church of St. Irene at Constantinople* by Mr. W. S. George, with an historical notice by Dr. A. van Millingen and an appendix on the monument of Porphyrios by Mr. A. W. Woodward and Mr. A. J. B. Wace.

Professor N. Jorga of the University of Bucharest published the fifth volume of his Geschichte des Osmanischen Reiches, extending from 1774 to the beginning of 1912, almost at the moment when the present war broke out. The work is included in Lamprecht's Allgemeine Staatengeschichte (Gotha, Perthes, 1912; reviewed by E. Gerland, Deutsche Litteraturzeitung, December 21).

A new *Histoire de la Bulgarie* (La Chapelle-Montligeon, Orne, 1912, pp. xii, 503) is by Father Guérin Songeon, of the Augustines of the Assumption.

Stojan Novakovič's volume on the Servian struggle for independence, which is the standard work on the subject, has been made accessible to western readers through a timely German translation by G. Grassl, with the title *Die Wiedergeburt des Serbischen Staates*, 1804–1813 (Sarajevo, 1912, pp. viii, 185).

La Jeune Turquie et la Révolution (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1912) is by A. Sarrou, who was a commandant in the Imperial Ottoman gendarmerie.

Lieutenant Wagner's Vers la Victoire avec les Armées Bulgares, with a preface by the Bulgarian premier, is announced by Berger-Levrault of Paris. Charles-Lavauzelle of Paris announces La Guerre des Balkans, Campagne de Thrace, by A. de Penenurun, who was with the third Bulgarian army. The reverse side is shown in G. von Hochwaechter's Mit den Türken in der Front im Stabe Mahmud Muchtar Paschas (Berlin, Mittler).

Messrs. Jarrold and Sons announce A History of Montenegro, by Mr. Francis Seymour Stevenson.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Ernst Meyer, Zur Hundertschaft in Skandinavien, zugleich eine Besprechung von Sven Tunberg, Studier rörande Skandinaviens Äldsta Politiska Indelning (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XXIV. 1); J. Steenstrup, Kong Frederik VIII., en Mindetale (Tilskueren, November); F. Knauer, Der Russische Nationalname und die Indogermanische Urheimat (Indogermanische Forschungen, XXXI. 1); V. Voronovsky, The National War of 1812 in the Province of Smolensk (Russian Review, November); A. Kornilov, The Napoleonic Wars and Later Russian History (ibid.); T. Volkov, The Ukraine Question (ibid.).

## THE FAR EAST AND INDIA

A new history of China is Hermann's Chinesische Geschichte (Stuttgart, Gundert, 1912).

The Journal of Race Development begins in the January issue a series of articles upon the Chinese revolution and various phases of recent Chinese history.

The first volume of a history of Der Seekrieg zwischen Russland und Japon, 1904–1905, has appeared from the press of Mittler, Berlin.

Fisher Unwin has announced *The Malay Peninsula: a Record of British Progress in the Middle East*, by Arnold Wright and Thomas H. Reid, an account of British influence in the East from the earliest times to the present. For the earlier years the records of the East India Company have been the chief source.

A comprehensive History of India from the earliest times to the present day, on the model of the Cambridge Modern History, is in preparation by the Cambridge University Press. The work will be in six volumes, divided equally among the three main periods—Ancient India, Muhammadan India, and British India. These three parts will be edited respectively by Professor E. J. Rapson, Lieut.-Col. T. Wolseley Haig, and Sir Theodore Morison.

James Burgess's The Chronology of Modern India for Four Hundred Years from the Close of the Fifteenth Century, A. D., 1494-1894 (Edinburgh, John Grant), is a valuable reference book to those interested in Indian history.

The Hakluyt Society has recently issued volume II. of A New Account of East India and Persia, being Nine Years' Travels, 1672-1681, by John Fryer, edited by Mr. W. Crooke.

A new edition of J. Grant Duff's *History of the Mahrattas* has been published by Kegan Paul of London in three volumes.

A. Martineau, formerly governor of French India, has edited the État Politique de l'Inde en 1777 par Law de Lauriston, Gouverneur-Général des Établissements Français aux Indes (Paris, Champion, 1912, pp. 189).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: H. Cordier, L'Islam en Chine, I. (Journal des Savants, January); id., Le Premier Traité de la France avec le Japon, 1858 (T'Oung Pao, May).

#### AMERICA

#### GENERAL ITEMS

The staff of the Department of Historical Research in the Carnegie Institution of Washington has been increased by the addition of Dr. Charles O. Paullin, who has been placed in charge of the preparation of the proposed Atlas of the Historical Geography of the United States.

Dr. Jameson and Mr. Leland have sailed for Europe, the former to attend the International Congress of Historical Studies in London, and for other purposes centring in England, the latter to attend the congress and then to complete at Paris the gathering of data for his Guide to materials for American history in the archives of that city. Mr. Roscoe R. Hill's work in Seville, in calendaring the materials for United States history in the section of the Archives of the Indies called "Papeles procedentes de la Isla de Cuba", was brought to a conclusion at the end of March and he returns to the United States to prepare a volume descriptive of those materials. This volume will present a brief description of each legajo; but itemized lists of the documents in all the more important legajos have been prepared in manuscript and will be at the service of all historical scholars at the offices of the Department in Washington. It is expected that Professor William I. Hull of Swarthmore College will by further researches in the Netherlands prepare for the Department a Guide to the materials for United States history in the archives of that country, and that Professor F. A. Golder of the Washington State College will perform a similar service in the archives of St. Petersburg and Moscow. Professor Faust, as indicated in our last issue, is already at work in Vienna.

The Omnibus Public Buildings Act, passed in the last hours of the 62d Congress, on the morning of March 4, 1913, contains provisions looking toward the erection of a National Archive Building in the city of Washington. The Secretary of the Treasury is directed, after inspection of the best modern national archive buildings in Europe, and consultation with the best authorities there, to prepare designs and estimates for a fireproof building containing not less than three million cubic feet of space, upon a lot of land large enough to contain ultimately a building of three times that size. The cost of the proposed building is limited to \$1,500,000. Whenever the designs and estimates have been approved by a commission consisting of the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, and the secretaries of the Treasury, of War, and of the Interior, the Secretary of the Treasury is given authority to acquire a site approved by the commission.

The Report of the Librarian of Congress for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, has appeared (pp. 235). Among the noteworthy accessions of the year have been the Deinard collection of Hebraica, presented by Mr. Jacob H. Schiff, the Karow collection of works relating to Napoleon Bonaparte, a large collection of books, pamphlets, and periodicals relating to Mexico and Central America, presented by the Mexican embassy, and the Hoes collection of works relating to the Spanish-American War. Of accessions of historical manuscripts, the more important—the Maury papers, Van Buren papers, Stanton papers, Mexican Inquisition papers, the Iturbide papers, papers of Admiral Foote, of Gideon Welles, and the papers of the Earl of Wilmington relating to the American colonies—have already been mentioned in preceding issues

of the Review. The acquisition of 131 unpublished letters of Thomas Jefferson and of the papers of Governor and Senator J. H. Hammond of South Carolina, is also noteworthy. Included in the *Report* is a comprehensive description of the specimens from the files of the House of Representatives recently transferred to the library. The library now has in press the calendar of the papers of John J. Crittenden, prepared by W. R. Leech and C. N. Feamster, and will shortly issue Mr. J. C. Fitzpatrick's calendar of Washington's Military Correspondence during the Revolution.

The Library of Congress has issued A Check List of American Eighteenth Century Newspapers in the Library of Congress (pp. 186), compiled by J. V. N. Ingram, and superseding so much of the Check List published in 1901 as pertained to newspapers of the eighteenth century, as it not only brings the record of the files down to date, but is much more detailed in data and more specific as to the conditions of the files, indicating precisely the issues possessed by the library.

Professor J. Basdevant of the University of Grenoble has published a full discussion of the latest phase of the much-vexed fisheries question, L'Affaire des Pêcheries des Côtes Septentrionales de l'Atlantique entre les États-Unis et la Grande-Bretagne devant la Cour de la Haye (Paris, Pedone, 1912).

The Macmillan Company will publish this spring A History of the American Negro, by Benjamin G. Brawley. The history of slavery in America is outlined, but special attention is given to the educational and cultural phases of negro history.

The *Deutsche-Amerikanische Geschichtsblätter* of Chicago, hitherto a quarterly, will in the future appear as a year-book, of a more scientific character, under the editorship of Professor Julius Goebel of the University of Illinois. The first of these annual volumes is just upon the point of publication.

The September-December issue of the German American Annals presents as its principal article a biographical sketch by Preston A. Barba, of Friederich Armand Strubberg (1806–1889), whose career was closely connected with the settlement of Germans in Texas in the forties, and whose literary works depict life in that frontier region. Mr. Charles F. Brede's papers on the German Drama in English on the Philadelphia Stage are continued.

Mr. Otto Lohr has issued through G. E. Stechert and Company a short essay (pp. 15) on The First Germans in North America and the German Element of New Netherland.

The Scottish Historical Society of North America has arranged for the publication at Boston of a quarterly magazine to be devoted to the interests of the Scottish people in the United States, the Dominion of Canada, and Newfoundland. L. Villari has published a small volume dealing with the Italian side of a question of interest to the United States, Gli Stati Uniti d'America e l'Emigrazione Italiana (Milan, Treves, 1912, pp. 313).

Volume VI. part II., of the Historical Records and Studies of the United States Catholic Historical Society (December, 1912), includes a critical paper, by Rev. Joseph Fischer, S. J., upon "An Important Ptolemy Manuscript, with Maps, in the New York Public Library", an elaborate account, by Rev. P. J. Hayes, of the elevation of Archbishop Farley of New York to the cardinalate, and a biographical account, by C. G. and H. F. Herbermann, of Father Pierre Gibault, together with English translations of the Gibault letters which were printed in volume XIV. of the Review. English translations of several of these letters have appeared elsewhere (see Illinois Historical Collections, vol. V., and Records of the American Catholic Historical Society, vols. XVIII. and XX.). The volume contains also a bibliography of John G. Shea, by Rev. Edward Spillane, S. J., and a register of the clergy laboring in the archdiocese of New York from early missionary times to 1885, contributed by Rev. M. A. Corrigan.

The first volume of Professor Charles A. Beard's Economic History of the United States will shortly come from the press (Macmillan). It bears the title The Economic Interpretation of the Constitution.

## ITEMS ARRANGED IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER

Henri Vignaud has placed his imprimatur upon H. Beuchat's Manuel d'Archéologie Américaine, Amérique Préhistorique, Les Civilisations Disparues (Paris, Picard, 1913, pp. vii, 747) by writing the preface. The volume is fully illustrated.

M. Gabriel Chinard, now teaching in the University of California, is about to publish a volume on L'Amérique et le Rêve Exotique dans la Littérature Française au XVIIIe et au XVIIIe Siècle, in continuation of his previous volume on the same subject for the sixteenth century. This book will be followed by a third, on Les Relations Intellectuelles de la France et de l'Amérique au XIXe Siècle.

The first part (two volumes) of Mr. George Louis Beer's *The Old Colonial System*, 1660–1754, which will be complete in three parts, has been published by the Macmillan Company. Part I., *The Establishment of the System*, covers the years 1660–1688.

Charles Scribner's Sons announce for spring publication the Life and Letters of John Paul Jones, in two volumes, by Mrs. Reginald De Koven.

The Essex Institute has brought out American Vessels captured by the British during the Revolution and War of 1812 (pp. 166), printed from the records of the vice-admiralty court at Halifax, Nova Scotia. These are for the most part the bare records of condemnation of prizes and recaptures, taken from the registers and printed in condensed form, but they contain also numerous depositions concerning captures. The

records for each period are arranged in an alphabetical order by the names of the vessels.

Mr. Charles Evans has brought out volume VII. of his American Bibliography, 1639–1820. The volume, which covers the years 1786–1789, lists 2848 books, pamphlets, and periodicals.

Professor Max Farrand will shortly bring out through the Yale University Press a small book on *The Framing of the Constitution of the United States*.

Messrs. Henry Holt and Company will add this spring to their *Home University Library* series a volume by Professor William MacDonald of Brown University, entitled *From Jefferson to Lincoln*.

In Documents relating to the Invasion of Canada and the Surrender of Detroit, 1812, selected and edited by Lieut.-Col. E. A. Cruikshank (Publications of the Canadian Archives, no. 7, Ottawa, Government Printing Bureau, 1913, pp. vii, 258), many of the documents, particularly the correspondence of General Hull, have been printed before; but a larger number of them are now published for the first time. These are principally from the Dominion archives. The editor has supplied many useful notes and has included in the volume two maps, one of the lake region, from a sketch by Sir Isaac Brock (London, 1813), and "A Sketch of the Communication between Erie and Huron by T. S. of Sandwich U. C."

The Carnegie Institution of Washington has in press an index, extending to several volumes, compiled by Miss Adelaide R. Hasse, which affords reference to the entire published records of documents, papers, correspondence, and, to a considerable extent, legislation and decisions upon international and diplomatic questions, between the years 1828 and 1861.

It is understood that Professor John B. McMaster will bring out this spring through D. Appleton and Company the final volume of his History of the People of the United States.

The Political Debates between Abraham Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas, with an introduction by George Haven Putnam (Putnams, pp. xvii, 377, 284), includes, besides the speeches in the seven set debates, those preliminary speeches of each which are essentially a part of the joint discussion, namely, those of Lincoln at Springfield, June 17, 1858, at Chicago, July 10, and at Springfield, July 17, and those of Douglas at Chicago, June 9, at Bloomington, July 16, and at Springfield, July 17. The correspondence between Lincoln and Douglas preliminary to the debates is also included. No good reason appears why the volume should be divided into two parts, with separate paging.

The lectures on the American Civil War which Dr. James Ford Rhodes delivered at Oxford last year have just been published in book form by the Macmillan Company.

- Dr. Frederic Bancroft has for some time been at work on an edition of the writings and correspondence of Carl Schurz, which is to be issued before long by Messrs. Putnam.
- G. P. Putnam's Sons have brought out The Last Leaf: Observations, during Seventy-five Years, of Men and Events in America and Europe, by James Kendall Hosmer, LL.D.

# LOCAL ITEMS, ARRANGED IN GEOGRAPHICAL ORDER

By an error in a note in our last issue, page 436, Ginn and Company were named as the publishers of President Charles H. Levermore's Forerunners and Competitors of the Pilgrims. On the contrary this work, in two volumes, is being privately printed for distribution among the members of the New England Society of Brooklyn.

A History of Garland, Maine (pp. 401), by Lyndon Oak, has been published in Bangor by J. M. Oak.

A History of the Town of Canterbury, New Hampshire, 1727-1912, in two volumes, by J. O. Lyford, is published in Concord by the Rumford Press.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts has brought out volume XVIII. of the Acts and Resolves, Public and Private, of the Province of the Massachusetts Bay (pp. 899). The volume, which is also designated as volume XIII. of the Appendix, contains the resolves, orders, votes, etc., of the period from 1765 to 1774, presented practically without annotation, but with careful indexes.

The October serial of the Massachusetts Historical Society contains a valuable paper by Mr. Charles Francis Adams on the Negotiations of 1861 relating to the Declaration of Paris of 1861, and one by Mr. Edward Stanwood on the Development under the Constitution of the President's Power. The November fascicle includes a paper by Dr. G. W. Allen on the State Navies and Privateers in the Revolution, and one by Rear-Admiral Chadwick on the American Navy, 1775–1815. There is also printed in these proceedings an interesting despatch from George Canning to Sir Charles Vaughan, British minister to the United States. The despatch is dated February 8, 1826, and bears upon the Monroe Doctrine. The December–January issue has a paper by Mr. Edwin D. Mead on Thomas Hooker's Farewell Sermon in England.

A History of Lexington, Massachusetts, from its Settlement to the Present Time, by Sarah E. Robinson, is published in Lexington by the author. The work is in two volumes and is illustrated.

The contents of the January number of the Essex Institute Historical Collections include a diary for the year 1759 kept by Samuel Gardner of Salem; Old Norfolk County deeds, 1671–1689; a continuation of a genealogical-historical visitation of Andover, Massachusetts, in the year 1863, by Alfred Poor; and Newspaper Items relating to Essex County (1763).

The Holyoke Diaries, 1789–1856, with introduction and annotations by George Francis Dow, published by the Essex Institute, comprises diaries of various members of the Holyoke family, including Rev. Edward Holyoke, president of Harvard College, 1737–1769, his son Dr. Edward Augustus Holyoke, and Mrs. Mary (Vial) Holyoke of Salem, 1760–1800. Portions of the diaries which were considered to be unimportant have been omitted. The editor has supplied numerous notes, and a genealogy of the Holyoke family. There are thirty-six portraits and other illustrations.

Captain Luis Fenollosa Emilio, who presented to the Essex Institute in 1908 the collection of military buttons which he had spent more than a quarter of a century in gathering together, has prepared a descriptive catalogue of the collection (1569 specimens) which the institute has published: The Emilio Collection of Military Buttons . . . in the Museum of the Essex Institute, Salem, Massachusetts (pp. xxi, 264).

The Connecticut Historical Society has brought out a volume entitled Original Distribution of the Lands in Hartford among the Settlers, 1639, edited by Mr. Albert C. Bates, who writes an introduction for the volume. These records of ownership and transfer of lands in the Hartford settlement were made during practically a century from its beginnings and cast light on the early history of the town. The volume includes also the early vital records of Hartford (extending to about 1750), found in the same manuscript volume from which the land records are taken.

The Proceedings, vol. XI. (pp. 381), of the New York Historical Association (thirteenth annual meeting, at Kingston, September 12, 13, and 14, 1911) has come from the press. Of the numerous papers of the meeting the following are noteworthy: "The Valley of the Rondout and Neversink and its unsettled Colonial Questions", by Thomas E. Benedict; "The Huguenot Settlement of Ulster County", by G. D. B. Hasbrouck; "The Scotch Irish in America and New York", by Henry M. McCracken; "The Hudson, its Aboriginal Occupation, Discovery, and Settlement", by William Wait; "Cooperation of Historical and Patriotic Organizations", by F. H. Wood; and "Preliminary Sketch of the Old Dutch Church of Kingston, New York, and some of its Ministers", by Chaplain R. R. Hoes, U. S. N. Bound in the same volume with the Proceedings, but paged separately, is a revised translation, by Samuel Oppenheim, of the Dutch Records of Kingston, 1658-1684. It bears upon the title-page: The Dutch Records of Kingston, Ulster County, New York (Esopus, Wildwyck, Swanenburgh, Kingston), 1658-1684, with some later Dates. What is here printed is part I., May 31, 1658-November 18, 1664, and relates to Esopus and Wildwyck. The basis is the translation made some years ago by Dingman Versteeg. There is a useful historical introduction of sixteen pages.

The January number of the New York Genealogical and Biographical Record contains a biographical sketch of the late John Jacob Astor, by Capt. Richard Henry Greene, and Four Generations in America of the

Huguenot Family of Stelle, by Maud Burr Morris. The records of baptisms of the Reformed Church at Machackemeck (Deerpark) are continued.

Mr. Eugene L. Armbruster, of 263 Eldert Street, Brooklyn, is the author and publisher of a small volume entitled *The Eastern District of Brooklyn*, in which is gathered a good deal of historical material pertaining to the locality, including numerous documents ranging in date from 1638 to the end of the nineteenth century. There are numerous pen-and-ink sketches of old houses, and several maps.

The November-December issue of *Penn Germania* contains extracts from the Brethren's House and Congregation Diaries of the Moravian Church at Lititz, Pennsylvania, relating to the Revolutionary War, translated by A. R. Beck. The January issue includes Christian Frederick Post's Part in the Capture of Fort DuQuesne and in the Conquest of the Ohio, by G. P. Donehoo, and the Saratoga Campaign as a Type of New York History, by H. M. McCracken.

A History of the One Hundred and Fortieth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, published by authority of the regimental association, is issued by the Franklin Bindery, Philadelphia.

In the December number of the Maryland Historical Magazine the letters of Rev. Jonathan Boucher (1767), Land Notes, 1634–1655, and Vestry Proceedings, St. Ann's Parish, Annapolis (1727–1728) are continued. Other items are: a diary kept by Thomas Larkin of a journey to England and France in 1794 and 1795; a biographical sketch of Isaac Briggs (1763–1825), including a number of letters, by Ella Kent Barnard; and an account of the Defense of Baltimore in 1814, in the form of a letter from Captain James Piper to Brantz Mayer, written in 1854.

The Maryland Historical Society has brought out a new volume of the Archives of Maryland, edited by William Hand Browne. It includes the proceedings of the Council of Maryland, April 15, 1761–September 24, 1770, the minutes of the board of revenue, opinions on the regulation of fees, and instructions to Governor Eden (Baltimore, 1912, pp. xiv, 522).

The Virginia State Library has issued A List of Newspapers in the Virginia State Library, Confederate Museum, and Valentine Museum, compiled by Mrs. Kate Pleasants Minor and Miss Susie B. Harrison. The papers in each library are first listed in an alphabetical arrangement of the places of publication; there is then an arrangement of titles by states, and finally a chronological arrangement of titles. This triple arrangement makes the list a good working instrument.

The same library has also issued A List of Manuscripts relating to the History of Agriculture in Virginia, collected by N. F. Cabell, and now in the Virginia State Library (pp. 20), compiled by Earl G. Swem. These letters, extracts of letters, essays, etc., date from 1749 to 1879.

The contents of the January number of the Virginia Magazine of History and Biography include the commission and instructions to the Earl of Orkney for the government of Virginia (1714, 1715), a letter from the Virginia governor and council to Lord Arlington (1666); a description of the government of Virginia by Thomas Ludwell (1666); a letter from Governor Berkeley to Lord Arlington (1667); various council papers of 1698 and 1699, among them several naval orders signed by James Vernon, and a letter of Governor Nicholson to the governor of North Carolina (May 3, 1699); and a number of Revolutionary pension declarations, from the records of Augusta County, Virginia, contributed by Judge Lyman Chalkley. The Revolutionary army orders for the main army under Washington, 1778–1779, and minutes of the Council and General Court, 1622–1629, are continued.

The William and Mary College Quarterly continues in the January issue the records of Hanover County (principally 1783–1792), and the interesting diary of Colonel Landon Carter (1776), and prints, from the Bancroft transcripts in the Library of Congress, a number of the letters of Governor Francis Fauquier, 1766–1767.

The Hermitage Press of Richmond has brought out the Discourse on the Lives and Characters of the Early Presidents and Trustees of Hampden-Sidney College (pp. 46), delivered at the centenary of the founding of the college, on June 14, 1776, by Hugh Blair Grigsby, LL.D. There are several portraits in the pamphlet.

The Memorial Day Annual for 1912, a publication of the Department of Public Instruction of Virginia, includes the following papers: The Right of Secession, by H. J. Eckenrode; The Doctrine of Secession, by H. R. McIlwaine; The John Brown Raid, by Douglas S. Freeman; Virginia's Position in 1861: Views of all Sections of the State, by Edwin P. Cox; and Fort Sumter, by George L. Christian.

Mr. George Cabell Greer, of the Virginia state law office, has brought out through the W. C. Hill Printing Company, Richmond, *Early Virginia Immigrants*, 1623–1666 (pp. 376).

The Story of Cotton and the Development of the Cotton States, by E. C. Brooks, has been published by Rand, McNally, and Company.

The North Carolina Historical Commission has issued its Fourth Biennial Report. The commission has acquired during the biennial period several important bodies of manuscripts, among them the Pettigrew manuscripts, embracing papers of Rev. Charles Pettigrew (1748–1807), bishop-elect of North Carolina, Ebenezer Pettigrew (1783–1848), member of Congress (1835–1837), and Brigadier-General James J. Pettigrew (1828–1863). Other accessions of value are a collection of papers of the late Governor Charles B. Aycock and additional papers of David L. Swain and of William A. Graham. The commission will shortly bring out some hitherto unpublished material relating to Christopher de Graffenried's colonization enterprize in North Carolina. This material

was recently brought to light in Europe by Professor Julius Goebel of Illinois and will be published under his editorial supervision.

The proceedings of the thirteenth annual session of the State Literary and Historical Association of North Carolina (*Publications* of the North Carolina Historical Commission, Bulletin no. 12) includes some noteworthy historical papers: The Historical Foundations of Democracy in North Carolina, by R. D. W. Connor; Neglected Phases of North Carolina History, by W. K. Boyd; and Nathaniel Macon, by Josephus Daniels. Included also is an address by Mr. R. D. W. Connor, delivered on the occasion of the presentation to the state by the North Carolina Historical Commission of a bust of John M. Moorehead.

In 1907 Dr. Kemp P. Battle brought out the first volume of his History of the University of North Carolina, relating the history of the institution to the year 1868 (see this journal, XIII. 426). In a second volume, just issued, Dr. Battle has brought the narrative down to the present time (Raleigh, Edwards and Broughton Printing Company, 1912, pp. ix, 875). During the first seven years of this period the university was in a moribund state, practically without funds, faculty, or students. What life the war had left it was in danger of extinction by the poison of politics but its friends would not let the institution die, and since its reorganization in 1875 it has prospered. The administrative history of the university and its relations to the state and to the public, the expansion of its departments, the development of its curriculum, are related with some fullness; there are biographical notes and characterizations of the faculty, and extended records of commencement exercises and other occasions.

The interesting Diary of Timothy Ford, 1785–1786, with notes by Joseph W. Barnwell, which was begun in the July number of the South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine, is concluded in the issue for October. The principal remaining contents are continued articles heretofore mentioned.

The Georgia Historical Society has issued as *Collections*, vol. VII., part III., General James Oglethorpe's "The Spanish Official Account of the Attack on the Colony of Georgia, in America, and of its Defeat on St. Simon's Island." The society has in press the *Letters of Joseph Clay*, paymaster-general of the Southern department during the Revolution.

It is understood that volume XIII. of the *Publications* of the Mississippi Historical Society will probably be ready for distribution in April. It will contain four contributions, occupying about 400 pages, devoted entirely to local histories of reconstruction in Mississippi. They are: Reconstruction in Panola County, by J. W. Kyle; Reconstruction in Scott County, by F. G. Cooper; Reconstruction in LaFayette County, by Miss Julia Kendel; and Reconstruction in Oktibbeha County, by F. Z. Browne. These papers have been prepared in the historical seminary of the University of Mississippi under the direction of Professor Franklin L. Riley, who is also editor of the *Publications*.

The Louisiana Historical Society has issued its *Publications*, vols. V. and VI. Among the papers in vol. V. are the Title to the Jesuits' Plantation, Memorial of the Marigny Family, and Early Census of Louisiana, 1702–1721. Volume VI. is the centennial number.

The contents of the January number of the Southwestern Historical Quarterly include a carefully prepared paper on the Eastern Boundary of California in the Convention of 1849, by Cardinal Goodwin. The writer overthrows the charge, often made, that the Southern men in the convention contended for an extreme eastern boundary with a view to bringing about a division into two states, the southern to be open to slavery. Other contents of the issue are Charles W. Hackett's second paper on the Retreat of the Spaniards from New Mexico in 1680 and the Beginnings of El Paso, a brief account of Virginians who took part in the Texan struggle for independence, by James E. Winston; and a biographical sketch, by Miss Adèle B. Looscan, of Dugald McFarland, who took an active part in the war between Texas and Mexico. The correspondence from the British archives concerning Texas printed in this issue belongs to the early months of 1843.

The Texas Library and Historical Commission have brought out as the first fruits of their labors the Journal of the Secession Convention of Texas, 1861 (pp. 469), edited from the original by Ernest W. Winkler, state librarian. Some ordinances, reports of committees, and communications not recorded in the manuscript journal are inserted. In addition to the journal proper (pp. 251) the volume includes the Address to the People (pp. 10), issued March 30, 1861, by a committee of the convention; the reports of the Committee on Public Safety (pp. 143); a list of the delegates, showing nativity, occupation, etc.; and certificates of election (pp. 44).

The Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly devotes more than half of the January issue to a record of the fifth annual meeting of the Ohio Valley Historical Association at Pittsburg, October 30-November I, 1911. The principal papers and addresses of historical interest here printed are: The Influence of the Ohio River in Western Expansion, by Edwin Erle Sparks; Constructing a Navigation System in the West, by Miss H. Dora Stecker; The Pittsburg-Wheeling Rivalry for Commercial Headship on the Ohio, by J. M. Callahan; Ship and Brig Building on the Ohio and its Tributaries, by R. T. Wiley; Pittsburg a Key to the West during the American Revolution, by James A. James; and the Relation of New England to the Ohio Valley, by Carl R. Fish. Included in this issue is also the autobiography of Thomas Ewing, edited with numerous notes, by Clement L. Martzolff. The autobiography relates principally to Ohio in the first quarter of the nineteenth century.

The Indiana Historical Survey will publish, as soon as funds sufficient for the purpose may be obtained, an Historical Directory of Indiana Newspapers, by Logan Esarey; an Historical and Political Atlas of Indiana, and Party Platforms and Election Statistics to 1860, by Ernest

V. Shockley. Plans have been made for the publication of the following collections: the House and Council Journals of Indiana Territory, the Messages of the Governors of Indiana, the Letters and Papers of Thomas A. Hendricks, the Letters and Papers of Joseph E. McDonald, and the Life and Letters of George W. Julian. Professor Harlow Lindley is now engaged in collecting and editing the Julian papers. The Survey also has in contemplation the preparation and publication in the near future of a number of monographs, among which are a bibliography of Indiana authors, by Messrs. Shockley and Esarey, a biographical dictionary of Indiana, contributions toward the history of religious settlements and movements in Indiana, and studies of the development of legislative processes and of foreign immigration in the state.

The Indiana Quarterly Magazine of History for December contains a well-written paper by Margrette Boyer on Morgan's Raid in Indiana, and some account of the names of the Ohio River, by J. P. Dunn. In the department of reprints is a fourth installment of A. C. Shortridge's Schools of Indianapolis.

The leading article in the October number of the Journal of the Illinois State Historical Society is an autobiographical note of Stephen A. Douglas, for which Mr. Frank E. Stevens writes an introduction. This sketch, which bears the date September 1, 1838, pertains chiefly to the first few years of Douglas's career in Illinois. In the same issue of the Journal Mr. Paul Selby gives an account of the convention of the Anti-Nebraska editors at Decatur, Illinois, in 1856, and Rev. W. E. Griffiths relates some reminiscences of "The Past Three-Fourths of the Century". In the department of reprints are some extracts from Wayside Glimpses, North and South (New York, 1859), by Lillian Foster.

A History of Knox County, Illinois, in two volumes, by A. J. Perry, has been published by S. J. Clarke.

The *Proceedings* of the Mississippi Valley Historical Association for the year 1911–1912 (pp. 268) has been issued. The volume includes principally the papers read at the fifth annual meeting of the association at Bloomington, Indiana, in May, 1912, some account of which was given in the issue of this journal for July, 1912 (XVII. 913).

Mr. Otto A. Rothert contributes to the January issue of the Register of the Kentucky State Historical Society a biographical account of Gen. J. P. G. Muhlenberg, being a chapter from his forthcoming work on the history of Muhlenberg County, Kentucky. In the same number Mr. A. C. Quisenberry writes of the campaign on the river Raisin in 1813, and contributes also a list of Kentuckians killed and wounded in the Mexican War. The Register prints some extracts from official proceedings (1824–1825) relative to the visit of General Lafayette, including some letters from Governor Desha to Lafayette.

A Standard History of Memphis, Tennessee (pp. 606), by J. P. Young, has been published in Knoxville by H. W. Crew and Company.

Mr. C. M. Burton has brought out under the auspices of the Michigan Society of Colonial Wars the *Journal of Pontiac's Conspiracy, 1763* (pp. 243), in the original text and in translation on alternating pages. The translator, Mr. R. Clyde Ford, discusses at some length the authorship of the journal and inclines to ascribe it to Robert Navarre. The volume is edited, with explanatory notes, by M. Agnes Burton. The journal, which was the basis of Parkman's story of the events of 1763, is itself of unusual interest and its presentation in so acceptable a form will be welcomed by students of the period.

Mr. John M. Bulkley of Monroe, Michigan, has in preparation a *History of Monroe County, Michigan*, which will be brought out, in two volumes, by the Lewis Publishing Company.

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin has issued a second edition of the *Annotated Catalogue of Newspaper Files* in the Library, compiled by Ada T. Griswold.

The January issue of the *Iowa Journal of History and Politics* includes a paper by Louis Pelzer on the Spanish Land Grants of Upper Louisiana, a contribution by Louis B. Schmidt on the History of Congressional Elections in Iowa, the subject of the present paper being the elections of 1848, and a reprint (from *House Ex. Doc.* no. 168, 29 Cong., I sess.) of Captain James Allen's Dragoon Expedition from Fort Des Moines, Territory of Iowa, in 1844, with an introduction, by Jacob Van der Zee. The reprint includes Allen's report as well as his journal.

The State Historical Society of Iowa has added to the Iowa Economic History series a volume on the History of Road Legislation in Iowa, by John E. Brindley, and another on the History of Work Accident Indemnity in Iowa, by E. H. Downey. The society has in press a Biography of James Harlan, senator from Iowa, 1867–1873, by Johnson Brigham.

The pages of the October number of the Annals of Iowa are largely occupied by a "Pioneer History of the Territorial and State Library of Iowa", by Johnson Brigham, state librarian. Mr. Charles R. Keyes discourses upon the history of primitive American lead mining.

A History of Carroll County, Iowa: a Record of Settlement, Organization, Progress, and Achievement, in two volumes, by Paul Maclean, has been published by S. J. Clarke.

Volume IV., no. 1, of Missouri Historical Society Collections (1912), contains the Journal of Jean Baptiste Trudeau among the Arikara Indians in 1795, translated from a copy in the Department of State, by Mrs. H. T. Beauregard. The editor of the collections furnishes an historical and critical introduction, including a facsimile of the map published in Perrin du Lac's Voyage dans les deux Louisiannes. Three of the articles in this volume relate to the Civil War: A Journey through the Lines in 1863, by Mrs. Lizzie Chambers Hull; Local Incidents of the Civil War, by Mrs. Hannah Isabel Stagg; and a bibliography of sanitary work in

St. Louis during the Civil War, by Dr. Roland G. Usher. Mr. Gerard Fowke contributes some notes on the aboriginal inhabitants of Missouri, and Walter J. Blakely writes a brief biographical sketch of J. A. MacGahan, whose writings as war correspondent in the Franco-Prussian War, in the Russo-Turkish War, and particularly his letters on the Bulgarian question attracted much attention.

In the *Missouri Historical Review* for January Mr. F. A. Samson sets forth some reasons why the state should give the society a fire-proof building. Other papers are: The Story of the Civil War in Northeast Missouri, by Floyd C. Shoemaker; History of Missouri Baptist General Association, by E. W. Stephens; and What I saw at Wilson's Creek, by Joseph A. Mudd.

The Kansas State Historical Society has issued the address, *History* as an Asset of the State, delivered before the society in December by Mr. William E. Connelley. The story of the memorial and historical building of the society, now nearing completion, is appended.

Mr. Raymond G. Taylor has published for use in schools a Syllabus of Kansas History (pp. 20), with references.

In 1840 was published in St. Louis a small volume describing a journey to the Rocky Mountains in the preceding year. The writer, F. A. Wislizenus, was a German doctor who had lived for some years in a German colony in Illinois. An English translation of this narrative has been published by the Missouri Historical Society.

The Official Report of the Historical Society of New Mexico for the period 1909–1912 has been issued. The society has acquired a considerable body of official papers of the "Northern Jurisdiction" (Santa Cruz) of the years 1821–1846, and also the remainder of the papers of Manuel Álvarez. The latter belong principally to the early days of the American occupation.

The Quarterly of the Oregon Historical Society for June, 1912 (belated in its appearance), contains two excellent papers dealing with the period of joint occupancy of the Oregon country by the United States and Great Britain, the one "A Brief History of the Oregon Provisional Government and what caused its Formation", by Frederick V. Holman, the other, "How British and American Subjects united in a common Government for Oregon Territory in 1844", by Robert C. Clark. Mr. Leslie M. Scott discusses John Fiske's change of attitude on the Whitman legend, prints the pertinent part of Fiske's address as delivered at Astoria in 1892, and follows it with the revised form as it was published in 1909. The Quarterly prints William A. Slocum's report on Oregon 1836–1837, together with related correspondence.

The Annual Publications of the Historical Society of Southern California includes a paper by Professor Rockwell D. Hunt on Hubert H. Bancroft, his work and his method, one by J. M. Gunn on Pioneer Rail-

roads of Southern California, and one by J. M. Dixon on Early Mexican and California Relations with Japan.

Messrs. Dutton and Company have brought out a new edition of C. E. Akers's *History of South America*, 1854–1904, to which has been added a chapter bringing the history down to date.

A Société d'Histoire de l'Amérique Latine has been formed in Paris which plans to publish an elaborate co-operative *Historie des Nations de l'Amérique Latine* under the editorial charge of Professor Seignobos. The work will be in fifteen quarto volumes and the edition limited to 700 sets at 1400 francs.

Volume IV. of *The True History of the Conquest of New Spain*, by Bernal Díaz del Castillo, which was edited and published in Mexico by Genaro García, has been translated, with introduction and notes, by A. P. Maudslay, and published by the Hakluyt Society.

The Conquest of New Granada, by Sir Clements R. Markham, has been published by Dutton and Company.

L. A. de Herrera's work on the French Revolution and South America has been translated into French by S. G. Etchbarne (Paris, Grasset, 1912). The work is supplemented by C. A. Villanueva's Napoléon y la Independencia de América (Paris, Garnier, 1911, pp. xii, 383).

Don Pedro Torres Lanzas, director of the Archives of the Indies, has edited in five volumes the first series of Independencia de América, Fuentes para su Estudio, Catálogo de Documentos Conservados en el Archivo General de Indias de Sevilla (Madrid, Sociedad de Publicaciones Históricas, 1912).

In the paper entitled El General Urquiza y las supuestas Matanzas de Pago Largo, India Muerta y Vences (Buenos Aires, Alsina), Amaranto A. Abeledo seeks to disprove the charges that General Urquiza executed hundreds of prisoners after these battles, presenting him in a very different character from that usually ascribed to him.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Henry Vignaud, Americ Vespuce: l'Attribution de son Nom au Nouveau-Monde (Journal de la Société des Américanistes de Paris, tome IX., 1912); P. Besson, Les Massacres de la Floride (Bulletin de la Société de l'Histoire du Protestantisme Français, July-August, 1912); John Finley, The French in the Heart of America, IV., V. (Scribner's Magazine, January, March); Archibald Henderson, Forerunners of the Republic: I. General Richard Henderson; II. Daniel Boone and American Expansion (Neale's Monthly, January, February); J. J. Jusserand, Rochambeau in America, concluded (Harvard Graduates' Magazine, December); M. B. Garrett, The West Indian Negro Question and the French National Assembly, 1789-1791 (South Atlantic Quarterly, January); J. A. Fairlie, The President's Cabinet (American Political Science Review, February); H. B. Learned, Some Aspects of the Vice-Presidency (ibid.); L. Didier, Le Citoyen Genet,

III. (Revue des Questions Historiques, January); A. M. Gould, Luther Martin and the Trials of Chase and Burr, I., II. (Georgetown Law Journal, November, January); D. R. Anderson, A Jeffersonian Leader: William Branch Giles (Sewanee Review, January); I. Lippincott, The Early Salt Trade of the Ohio Valley (Journal of Political Economy, December): M. Bollert, Ein Brief von Karl Schurz aus dem Jahre 1850 (Preussische Jahrbücher, January); L. M. Sears, Slidell's Mission to Mexico (South Atlantic Quarterly, January); Gamaliel Bradford, jr., Confederate Patriots: II. James Longstreet, III. J. E. B. Stuart (Atlantic Monthly, December, January); J. W. Week, A New Story of Lincoln's Assassination (Century, February); The Impeachment of Andrew Johnson: Gaillard Hunt, The President's Defense; B. C. Truman, Anecdotes of Andrew Johnson (ibid., January); C. O. Paullin, A Half Century of Naval Administration in America, 1861-1911 (United States Naval Institute Proceedings, December); J. B. Bishop, The French at Panama (Scribner's, January); H. A. Herbert, Cleveland and his Cabinet at Work (Century, March); Admiral George Dewey, Autobiography (Hearst's Magazine, January, February, March); G. L. B. Mackenzie, French-Canadians in 1775 and 1812 (Canadian Magazine, March); F. A. Carman, Our Archives and the National Spirit (ibid., February).